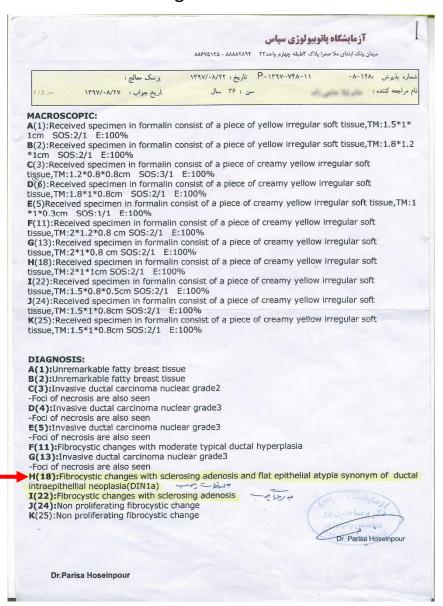
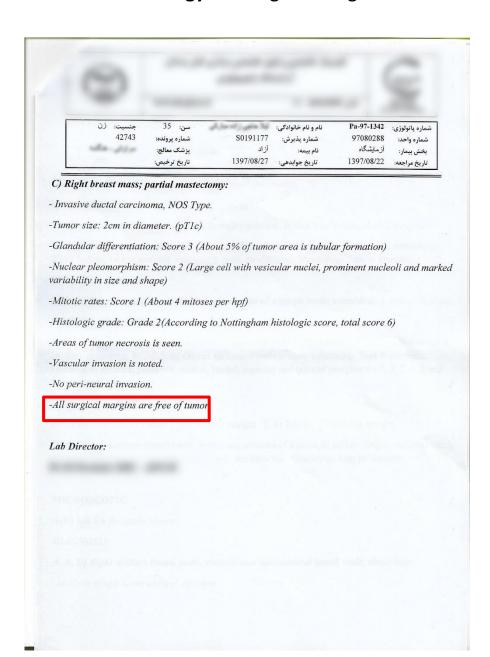
# Non-neoadjuvant Patients Case Reports detected by CDP

## Patient 07 (Pathology code: 08-128):

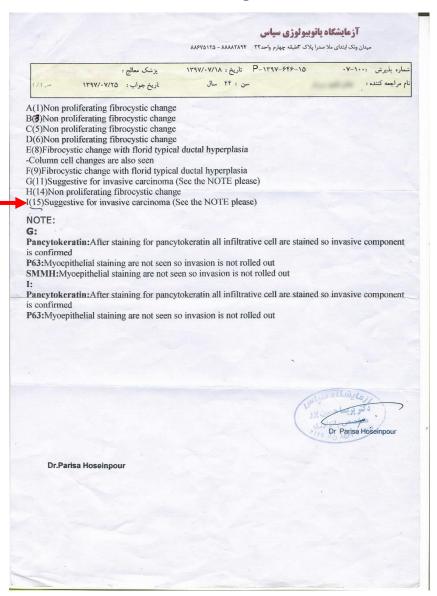
07-18: Inferior Margin: Positive

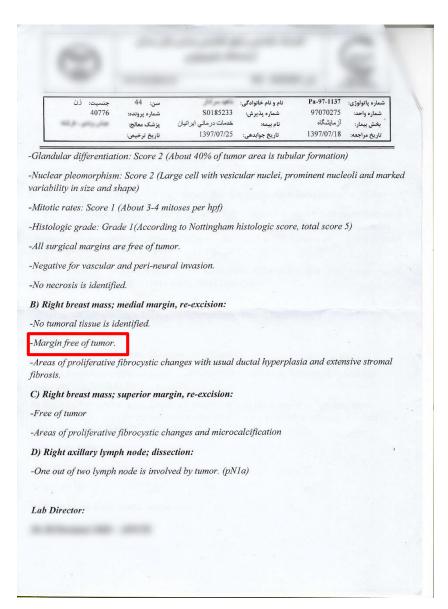




## Patient 13 (Pathology code: 07-100):

13-15: Inferior Medial Margin: Positive



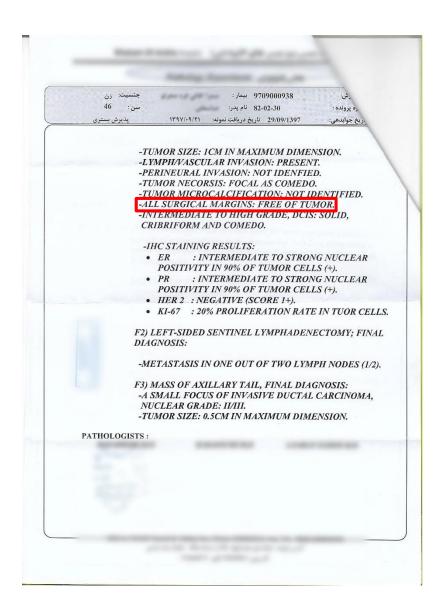


## Patient 26 (Pathology code: 09 2090):

**26-2,15,16:** Medial Margin: Positive

**26-21:** Lateral Margin: Positive





## Patient 29 (Pathology code: 11-113):

#### 29-8,14: Under the nipple margin: Positive



عنوان طرح :آزمون بالینی پروب تشخیص سریع (پلاقاصله)سرطانی پودن نواحی مشکوک در محیط بافت زنده در هنگام جراحی از طریقی ردیایی الکتروشیمیایی hypoxia glycolysis



#### (اكد اخارة: IR.TUMS.VCR.REC.1397.355)

	پزشک معالج: دکتر سراوانی	تاریخ: ۱۳۹۸/۱۱/۱۰	شماره پذیرش: ۱۱۳–۱۱
ص ۱/۱	تاریخ جواب: ۱۳۹۸/۱۱/۱۱	سن ؛ ۳۰	نام مراجعه كننده:

113-1: Sever Lymphovascular invasion

113-2: Lymphovascular invasion are seen

113-3: Lymphovascular invasion are seen

113-5: Non proliferating fibrocystic changes

113-7: Hemorrhagic breast tissue

113-8: Lymphovascular invasion are seen

113-10: Non proliferating fibrocystic changes

113-14: Lymphovascular invasion are seen

ف تسریر سا حسین بور محمد سودهناس تعبیکل واقانوستار نظام برشی

تهران،خیابان کارگر شمالی، پردیس شماره ی ۲ دانشکده های فنی دانشگاه تهران، دانشکده ی مهندسی برق و کامپیوتر مجموعه از مایشگاه های تحقیقاتی ناتو تکنولوژی سرطان،آزمایشگاه تحقیقاتی پاتولوژی صندوق پستی : 88028367 نلفن 88028367 نلفن 88028367

# **Frozen Pathology:** All margins are free except superior **Permanent Pathology:** All surgical margins are free after re-excision



#### DIAGNOSIS:

- A, C) Left breast mass and superior margin; partial mastectomy and re-excision:
- Invasive ductal carcinoma, NOS Type.
- -Tumor size: 1 and 2.5cm in greatest diameter. (pT2)
- -Glandular differentiation: Score 3 (About 5% of tumor area is tubular formation)
- -Nuclear pleomorphism: Score 2 (Large cell with vesicular nuclei, prominent nucleoli and marked variability in size and shape)
- -Mitotic rates: Score 2 (About 8 mitoses per hpf)
- -Histologic grade: Grade 2(According to Nottingham histologic score, total score 7)
- -Ductal carcinoma in situ, high grade, solid and comedo type; DIN-3; about 80% of tumoral area.

All surgical margins are free of tumor (after re-excision).

#### B) Left Sentinel lymph node; dissection:

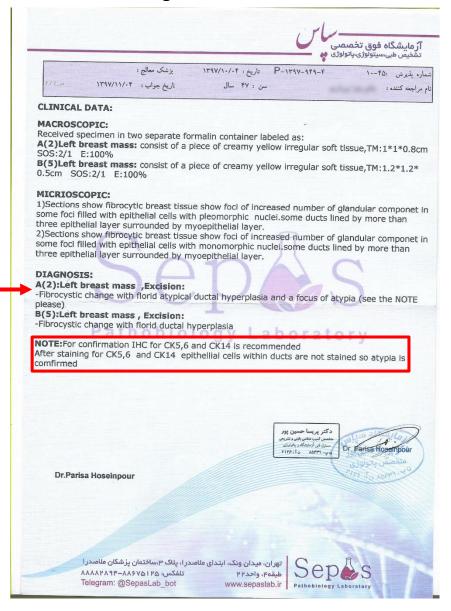
Dr. M. Pareisei (ND - APICP)

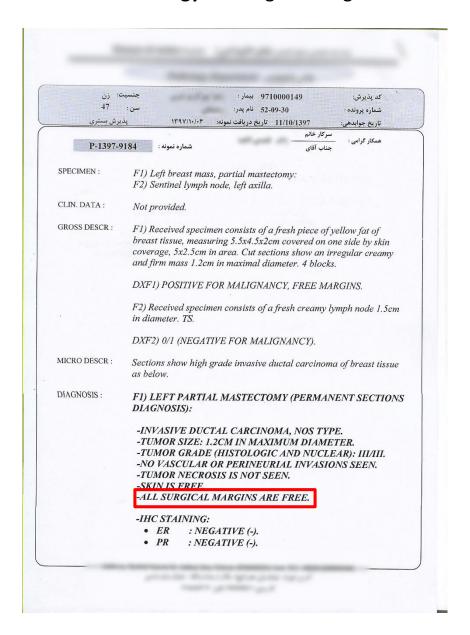
-Ten out of eleven lymph nodes are involved by tumor. (pN3a)

Lab Director:

## Patient 36 (Pathology code: 10-45):

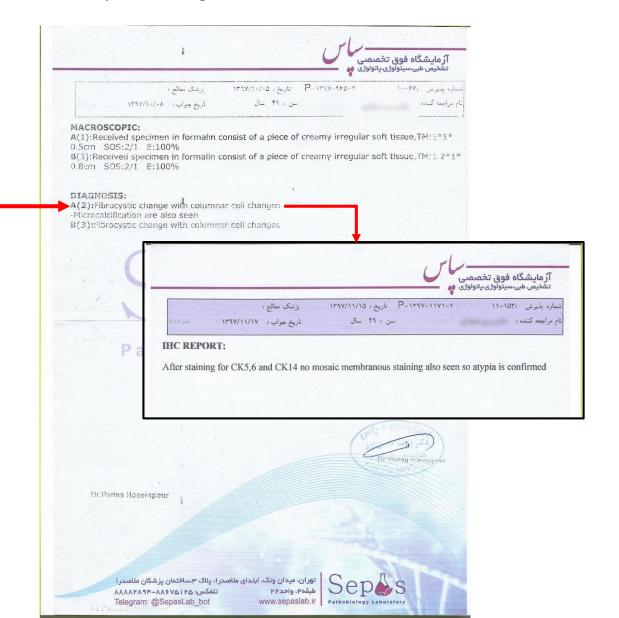
**36-2:** Inferior Margin: Positive



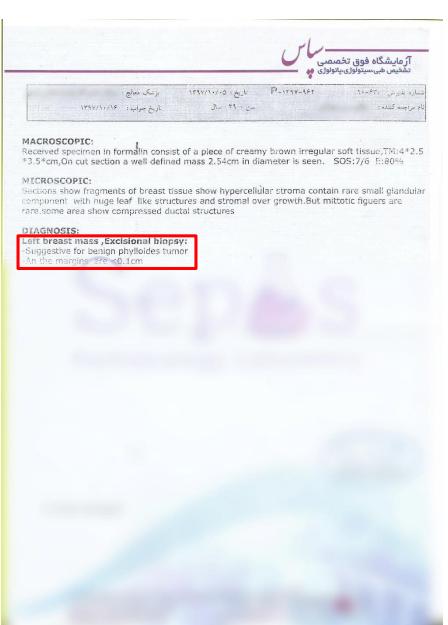


## Patient 37 (Pathology code: 10-66&11-153):

**37-2:** Superior Margin: Positive



Frozen Pathology: NS



## Patient 38 (Pathology code: 970):

#### 38-3: Deep Margin: Positive



عنوان طرح :ازمون بالبنى يروب تشخيص سريح (بلافاسله/سوطانى بودن نواحى مشكوك در محيط بافت زنده در هنگام جراحى از شریقى ردیلى الكتروشيميايي hypoxia glycolysis



(كد اخارة: IR.TUMS.VCR.REC.1397.355)

	پزشک معالج: دکتر عباسوندی	تاريخ: ۵۰/۱۰/۵	شماره پذیرش: ۹۷۰
ص ۱/۱	تاریخ جواب: ۹۸/۰۵/۰۹	سن: ۳۱	نام مراجعه کننده :

#### 970-2: Fibrocystic change with Columnar cell changes

> 970-3: Fibrocystic change with typical ductal hyperplasia, Suspicious for Atypia

 CK5,6 and CK 14: No membranous staining in one focus is seen so focal atypia is confirmed

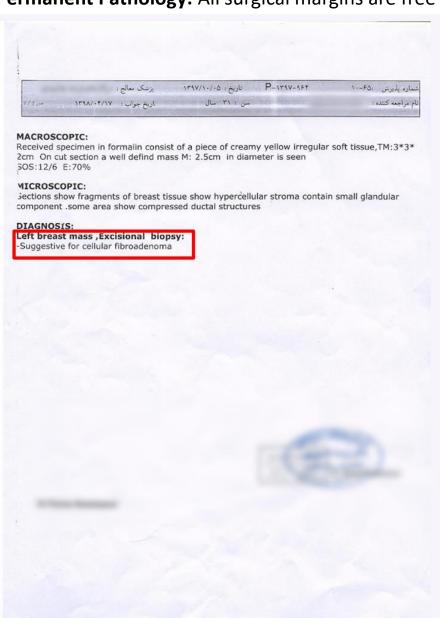
970-5: Fibrocystic change with florid typical ductal hyperplasia

970-6: Non proliferating fibrocystic changes

 Second H&E: Non proliferating fibrocystic changes and columnar cell hyperplasia

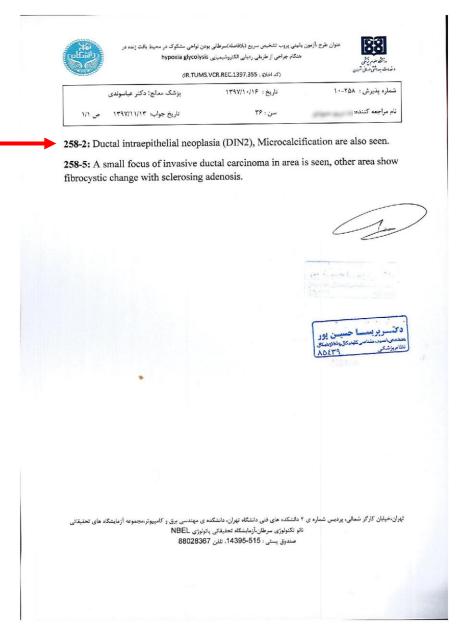


تهران خیابان كارگر شمالی، بردیس شماره ی ۲ دانشكده های فنی دانشگاه تهران دانشكده ی مهننسی برق و كامپیوترمجموعه آزمایشگاه های تحقیقاتی نانو تكنولوژی سرطال آزمایشگاه تعقیقاتی یانولوژی صندیق بستر را 13-1435 تلفن 88028367 Frozen Pathology: NS



## Patient 48 (Pathology code: 10-258):

#### **48-2:** Superior Medial margin: Positive

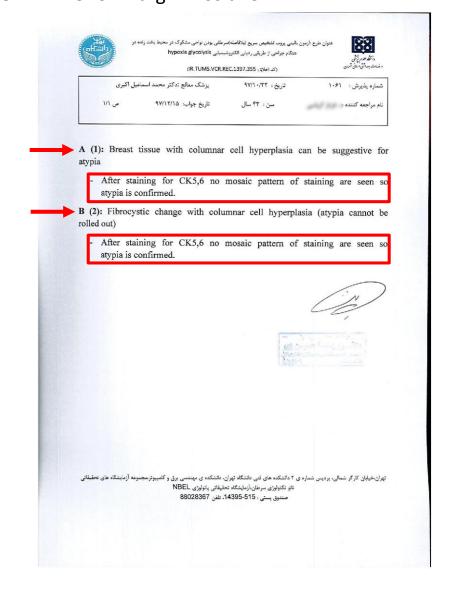


Frozen Pathology: NS

	Reprinted of Tellinings	potential year commence year
Name:	Age/Sex: 37 Y / F Admission p-2121	Specimen No.: 19-S-58
Physician :	Code (s) : File No : 1732326	Admission Date 1397/10/12
	Surgical Pathology Report	
high-grade solid and common size can not be.  Nuclear grade = 2  Lymph vascular invation of the process of the	asion seen. ation seen. on identified. how fibrocystic changes. rasion seen very close to superior surgical m rgins are free of tumor.	
Primary Tumor ICDO:	C50.9 M-8500/3	
Primary Tumor ICDO : C  Board of Pathologists, Pat  M. Rakhshan, MD  E. Motaez, MD  A. Ahmadi, MD  H. Zham, MD		☐ M. Davanlou, MD☐ R. Shahsiah, MD☐ M. Jafari, MD☐ B. Vosooghi, MD
Board of Pathologists, Pat  M. Rakhshan, MD E. Motaez, MD A. Ahmadi, MD	rs Hospital Laboratory :  R. Haj Mohammadi, MD S. Samie, MD K. Gohari Moghadam, MD	R. Shahsiah, MD M. Jafari, MD

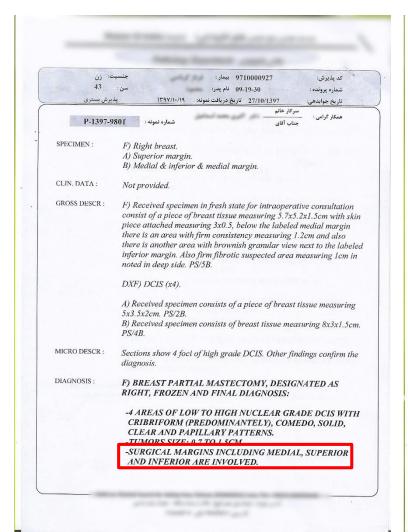
## Patient 57 (Pathology code: 1061):

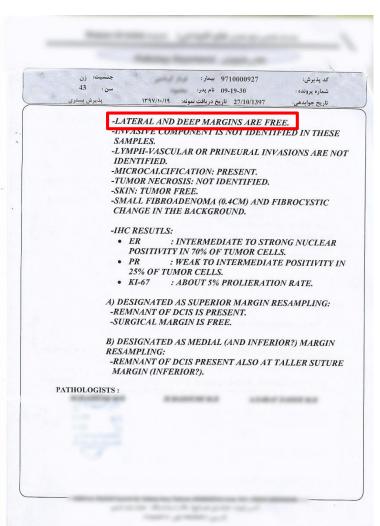
**57-1:** Medial Margin: Positive **57-2:** Inferior Margin: Positive



**Frozen Pathology:** Surgical margins including Medial, Superior and Inferior are involved, Lateral and deep are free.

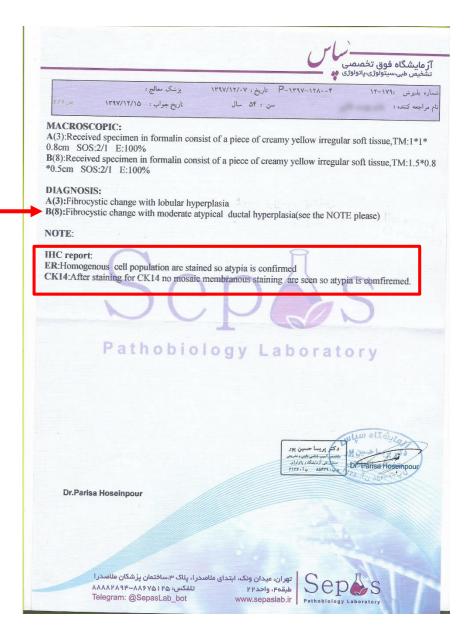
**Permanent Pathology:** Surgical margins including Medial, Superior and Inferior are involved, Lateral and deep are free.

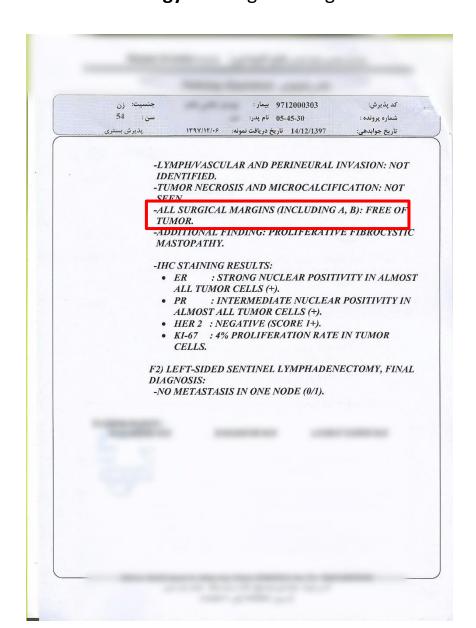




## Patient 63 (Pathology code: 12-179):

63-8: Under the nipple margin: Positive

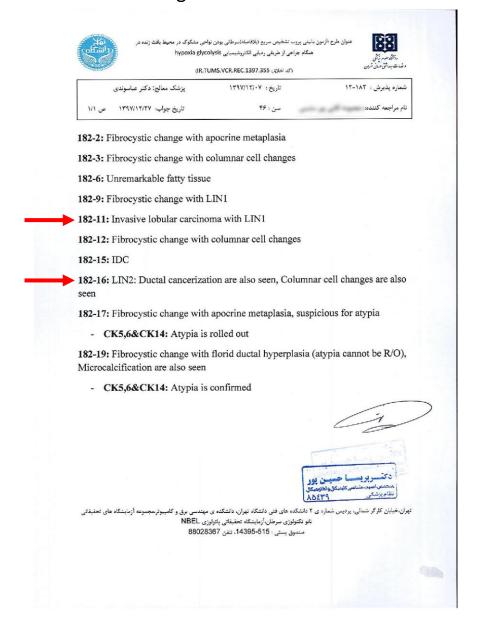


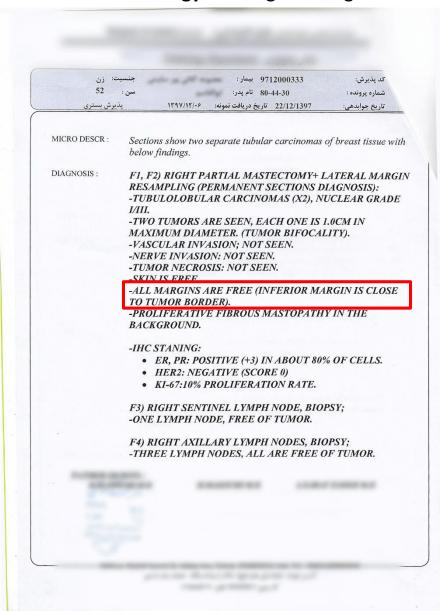


## Patient 65 (Pathology code: 12-182):

**65-11:** Inferior Medial margin (Suspicious to surgeon mode): Positive

**65-16:** Medial Margin: Positive





## Patient 67 (Pathology code: 12-197):

67-27,28,32: Inferior Margin: Positive

**67-35:** Lateral Margin: Positive



197-3: FCC with florid ductal hyperplasia, CCC and apocrine metaplasia are also seen, Suspicious for atypia.

 after staining for CK14 and CK5,6 mosaic membranous staining are seen so atypia is rolled out

197-11: Fibrocystic changes with moderate typical ductal hyperplasia

197-13: Fibrocystic change with columnar cell changes and columnar cell hyperplasia, apocrine metaplasia are also seen.

197-14: Non proliferating fibrocystic changes

- second H&E: Non proliferating fibrocystic changes

197-17: Fibrocystic changes with columnar cell changes, apocrine metaplasia are also seen.

 CK14, CK5.6: positive mosaic pattern of staining in CK5,6 but CK14 no membranous staining (-) so atypia is rolled out.

197-18: Non proliferating fibrocystic changes

197-19: Non proliferating fibrocystic changes

 second H&E: Non proliferating fibrocystic changes. After more section FCC with fibroadenomatoid hyperplasia

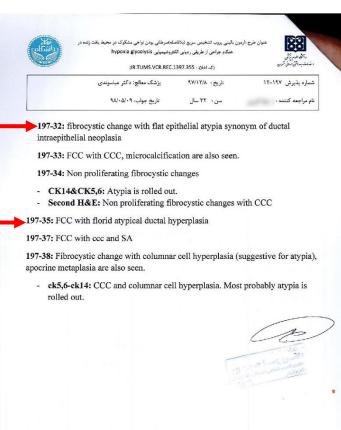
197-27: DIN1b

197-28: Atypical ductal hyperplasia

197-30: Non proliferating fibrocystic changes

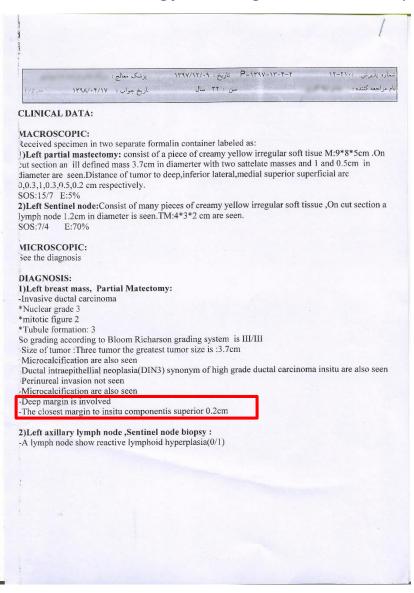
- Second H&E: Non proliferating fibrocystic changes

150 De 100 Company and 15



Frozen Pathology: NS

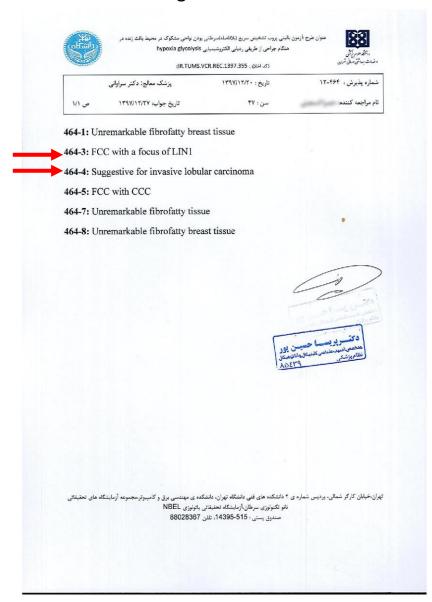
**Permanent Pathology:** All margins are free except Deep

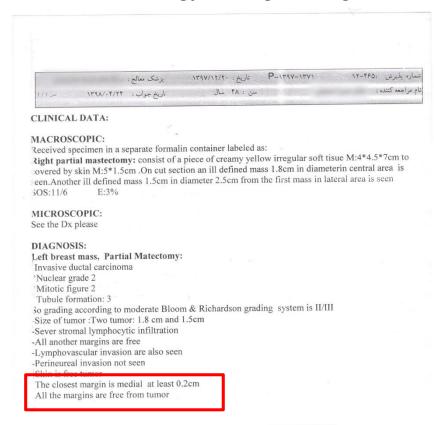


## Patient 73 (Pathology code: 12-464):

**73-4:** Medial Margin: Positive

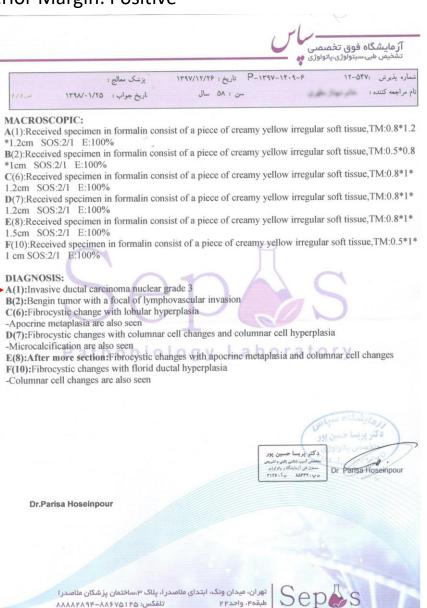
73-3: Inferior Margin: Positive





## Patient 74 (Pathology code: 12-547):

**74-1:** Inferior Margin: Positive

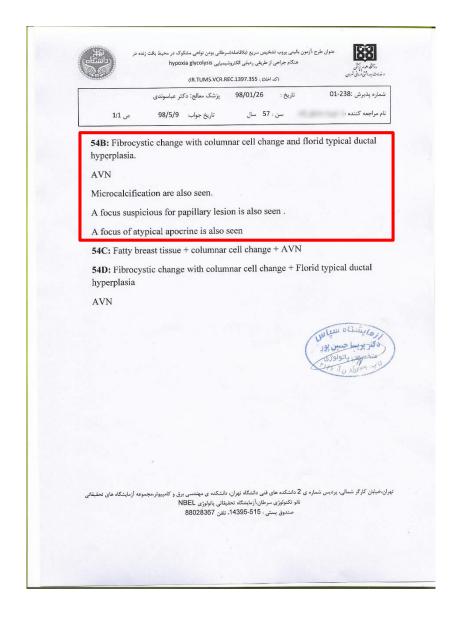


Telegram: @SepasLab bot

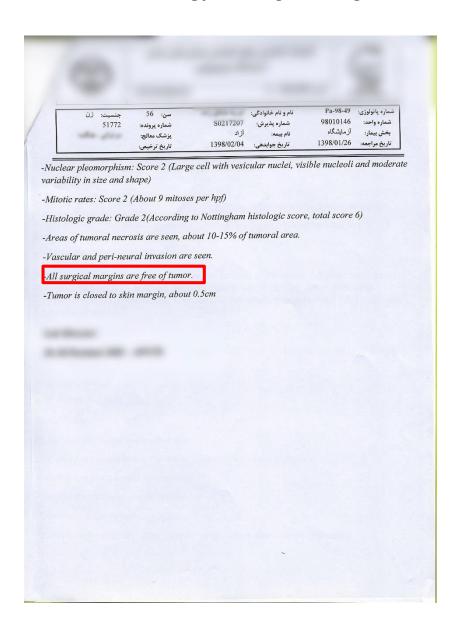
```
تاريخ بذيرش ١٣٩٧/١٢/٢١
    F-YOY
osition: 22398
                              کد پذیرش: ۱۲-۵۲۸۵۳۳ سن/جنس،
   94-8-1414
  DIAGNOSIS:
   1-Frozen section diagnosis of left breast mass, partial mastectomy:
    -Invasive carcinoma.
    -Superior margin is very close to the tumor.
    -Inferior margin is focally close to the tumor.
   Final diagnosis of left breast mass, partial mastectomy:
    -Invasive ductal carcinoma, NOS type, grade II/III, score 6/9 in
     Nottingham's system.
    -Tubule formation: 2, Nuclear grade: 3, mitosis: 1.
    -Tumor greatest dimensions are 3×2.5 Cm (pT2).
    -No tumor calcification and necrosis identified.
     No perineural and lymphovascular invasion identified.
     -Upper surgical margin is very close to the tumor.
     -Inferior margin is focally close to the tumor.
    -Other surgical margins are free from tumor.
     -No skin involvement by tumor i
    2-Left axillary lymph nodes biopsy:
    -Two out of 7 lymph nodes show tumoral involvement.
```

## Patient 81 (Pathology code: 01-238):

81-14: Inferior Margin: Positive



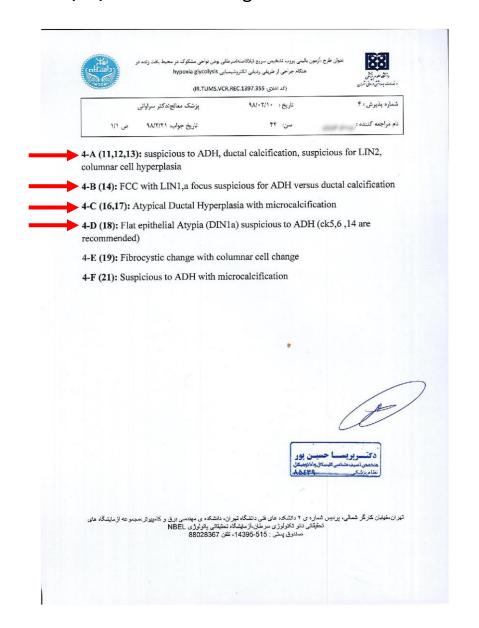
Frozen Pathology: NS



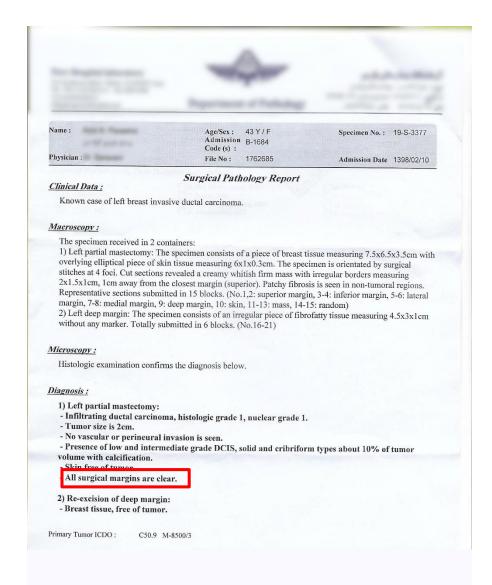
## Patient 87 (Pathology code: 4):

**87-11,12,13,14:** Medial Margin: Positive

87-16,17,18: Inferior Margin: Positive

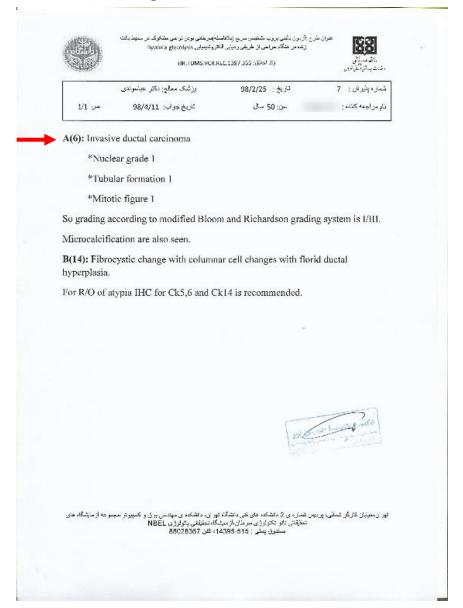


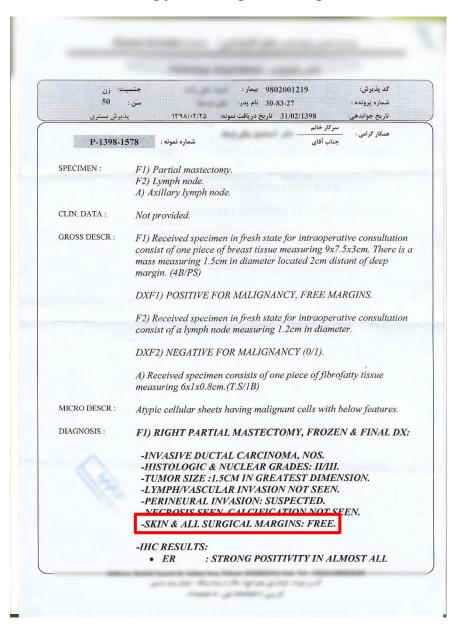
Frozen Pathology: NS

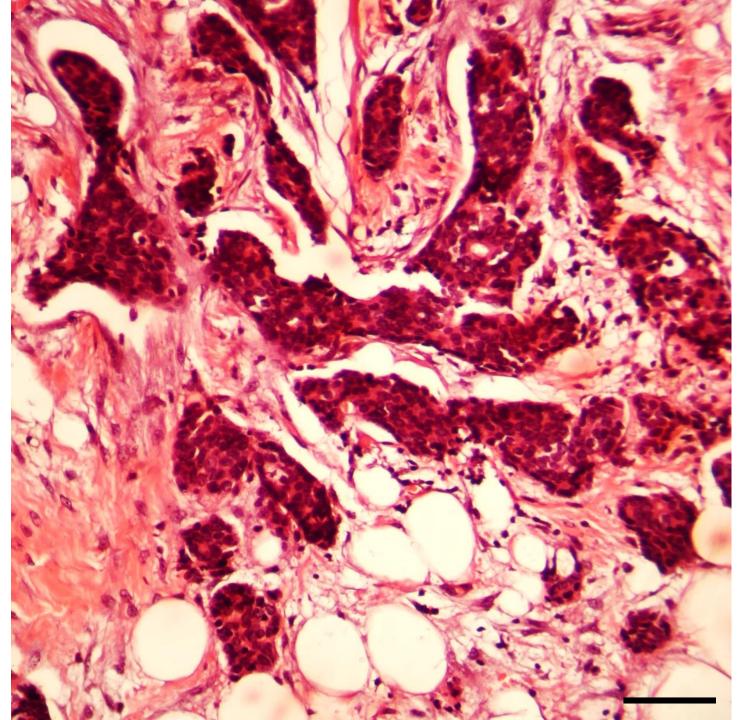


## Patient 91 (Pathology code: 7):

**91-6:** Lateral Margin: Positive



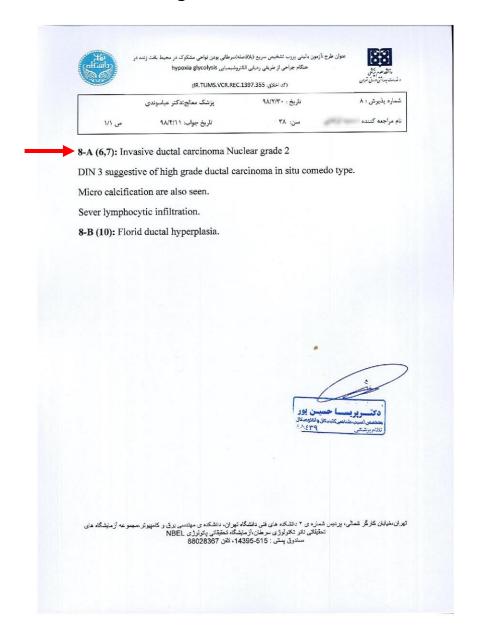




91-6: Lateral Margin

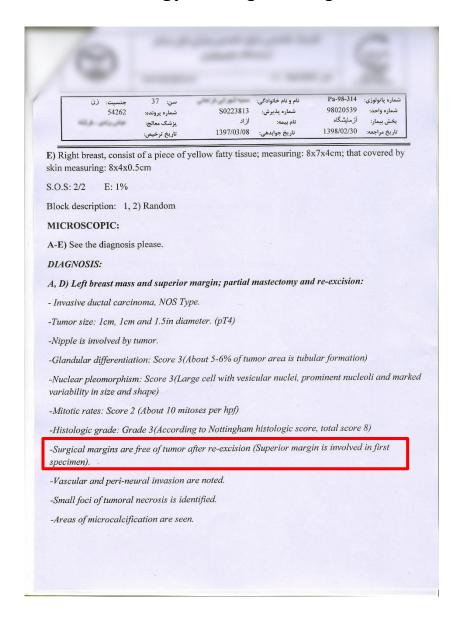
## Patient 92 (Pathology code: 8):

92-6,7: Inferior Margin: Positive



Frozen Pathology: All margins are free except superior

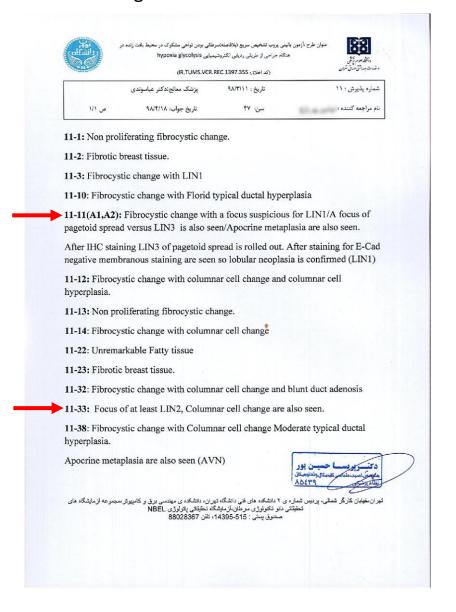
Permanent Pathology: All surgical margins are free of tumor after re-excision

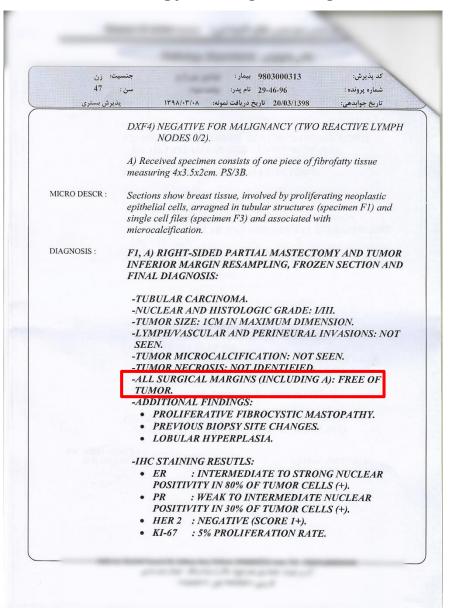


#### Patient 94 (Pathology code: 11):

**94-11:** Lateral Margin (suspicious to surgeon): Positive

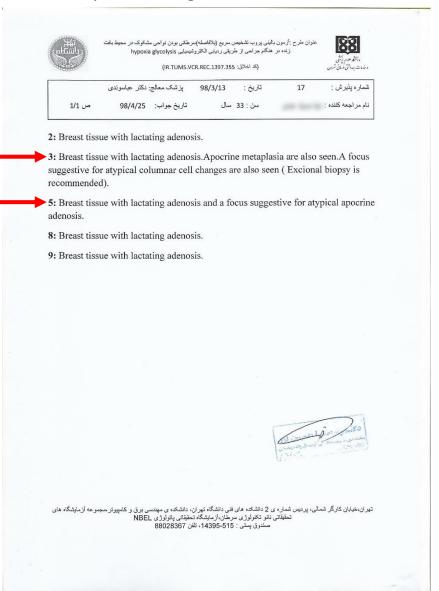
94-33: Lateral Margin: Positive



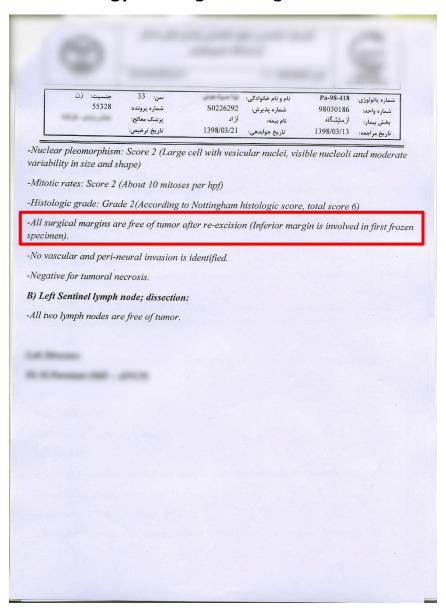


## Patient 98 (Pathology code: 17):

98-3,5: Superior Margin: Positive

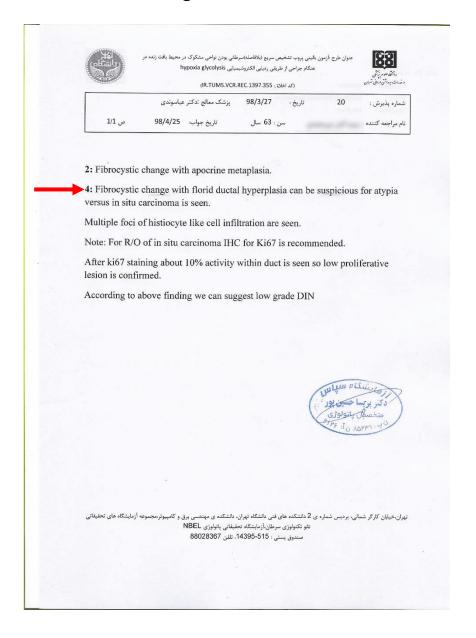


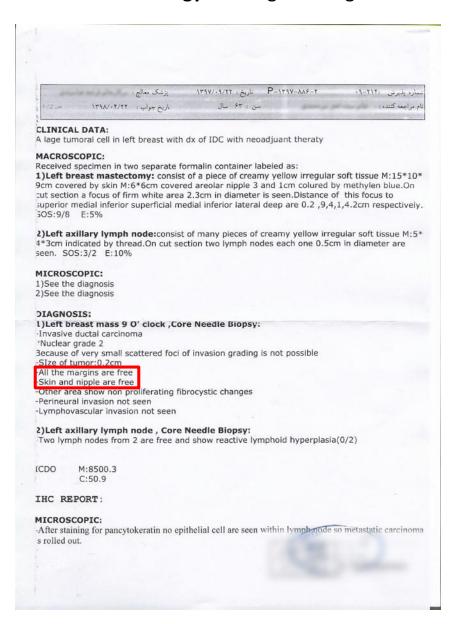
**Frozen Pathology:** All surgical margins are free except inferior **Permanent Pathology:** All surgical margins are free of tumor after re-excision



## Patient 100 (Pathology code: 20):

100-4: Lateral Margin: Positive

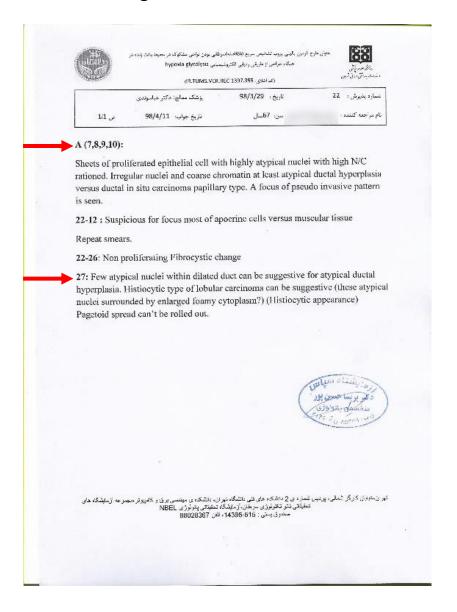


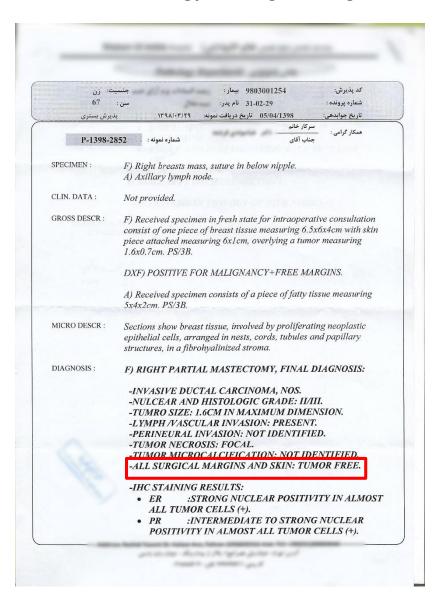


## Patient 102 (Pathology code: 22):

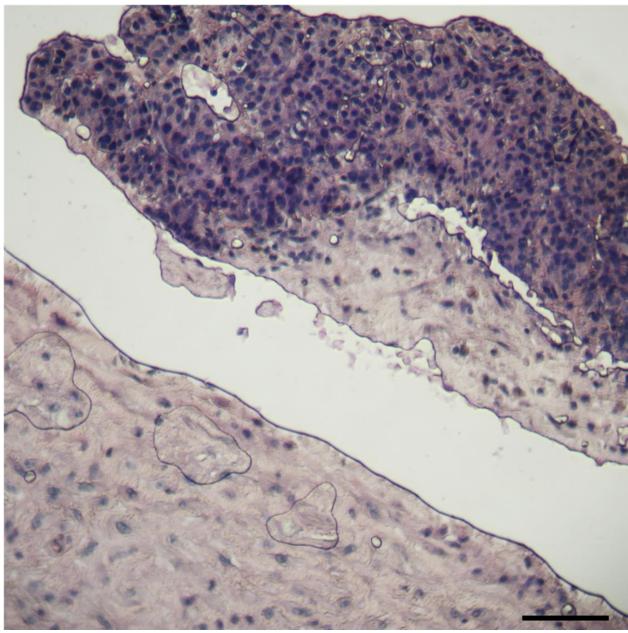
102-A (7,8,9,10): Under the nipple margin (Suspicious to surgeon): Positive

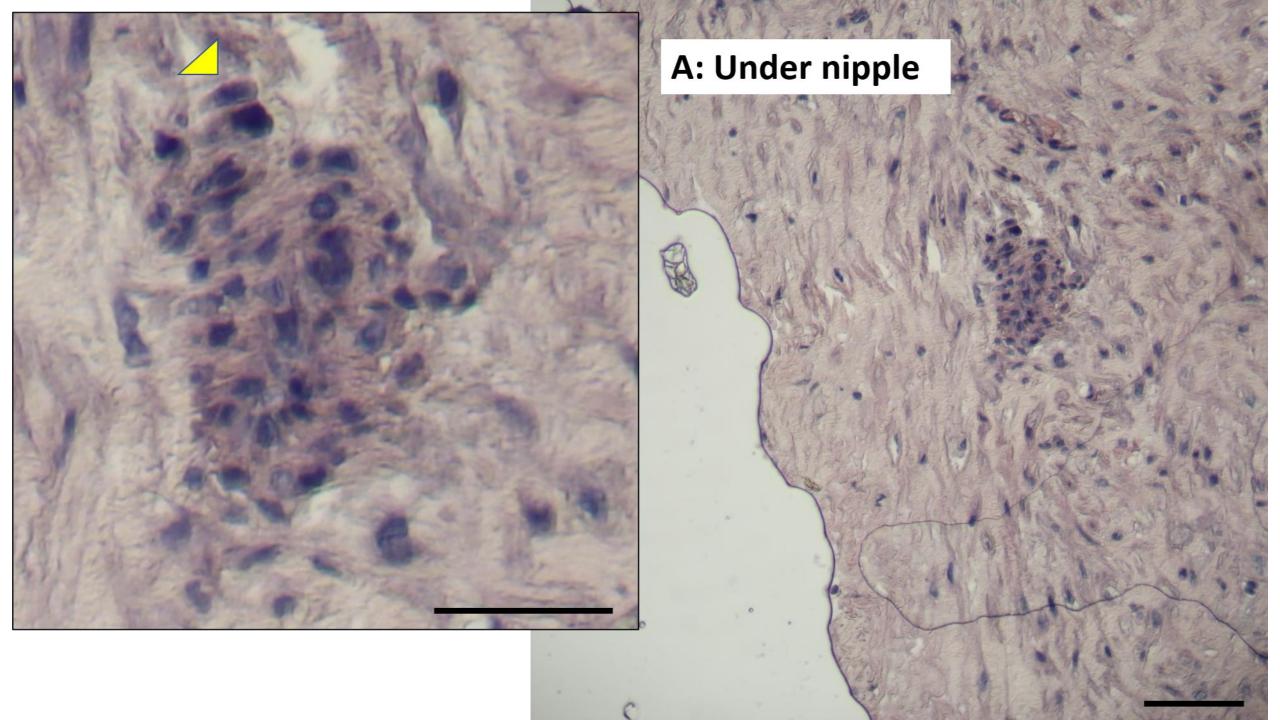
102-27: Lateral Margin: Positive











27: Lateral Margin

## Patient 112 (Pathology code: 38):

#### 112-2: Inferior Margin: Positive



عنوان طرح :ازمون بالینی پروب تشخیص سریع (بلاقاصله)سرطانی بودن نواحی مشکوک در محیط بافت زنده در هنگام جراحی از طریقی ردیایی الکتروشیمیایی hypoxia glycolysis



(كد اخلاق: IR.TUMS.VCR.REC.1397.355)

	پزشک معالج: دکتر عباسوندی	تاريخ: 98/4/24	شماره پذیرش: 38
ص 1/1	تاريخ جواب: 98/5/2	سن: 50 سال	نام مراجعه كننده : ،

1: FCC with florid typical (most probable ) ductal hyperplasia .Columnar Cell Changes are also seen. Microcalcification are also seen.

2: FCC with apocrine metaplasia. Florid atypical ductal hyperplasia probably atypia

Apocrine metaplasia is also seen

IHC for R/O atypia for ck14 and ck5,6 is recommended

4: Non proliferating FCC with columnar cell change (AVN)

(atypical vesicular nuclei)

7: FCC with moderate ductal hyperplasia Most probably typical

If suspicious ck5,6, ck14 is recommended.

8: Fibro fatty breast tissue with a foci can be suggestive for flat epithelial atypia (Because of couther artifact it is not evaluably)

10: Fatty breast tissue



تیران،خیابان کارگر شمالی، پردیس شماره ی 2 دانشکده های فنی دانشگاه تیران، دانشکده ی مهندسی برق و کلمپیوتر مجموعه از مایشگاه های کنفوتگانی نفو کندولرژی سرطان:از دایشگاه کنفیتگی پاتولرژی سرطان:از دادشگاه کنفیتگی پاتولرژی NBEL کندونگانی کارگری کارگری کارگری بازی کارگرد کارگرد

# Frozen Pathology: All surgical margins are free Permanent Pathology: All surgical margins are free



CLINICAL DATA: Left breast masses.

#### MACROSCOPIC:

Specimen received in formalin solution, in two containers, labeled as follow:

A) Left breast, 2 o' clock, consist of a piece of yellow fatty tissue, measuring: 3x2x1cm. On cut sections a white lobulated mass is seen, measuring: 1cm in diameter.

S.O.S: 2/2 E: 509

B) Left breast, 3 o' clock, consist of a piece of yellow fatty tissue, measuring: 3x2x2cm. On cut sections a lobulated mass is seen, measuring: 2cm in diameter.

S.O.S: 2/2 E: 40%

#### MICROSCOPIC:

A, B) Please see the diagnosis.

#### IHC MARKERS (Block B):

P63: Positive in myoepithelial cells around all glands.

SMMH: Positive in myoepithelial cells around all glands.

#### DIAGNOSIS:

A) Left breast mass, 2 o' clock, excision:

-Fibroadenoma

B) Left breast mass, 3 o' clock, excision:

-Myxoid fibroadenoma

Dr. H. Renner Still- after

#### Lab Director:

## Patient 116 (Pathology code: 49):

#### 116-10: Superior Margin: Positive



عنوان طرح :آزمون بالیخی پروپ تشخیص سریع (بلافاصله)سرطانی بودن تواحی مشکوک در محیط بافت زنده در هنگام جراحی از طریقی ردیایی الکتروشیمیایی (hypoxia glycolysis



#### (كد اخلام: IR.TUMS.VCR.REC.1397.355)

	پزشک معالج:دکتر عباسوندی	تاریخ: ۹۸/۰۵/۱۲	شماره پذیرش: ۴۹
ص ۱/۱	تاریخ جواب: ۱۳۹۸/-۵/۱۴	سن: ۵۳	نام مراجعه كننده :

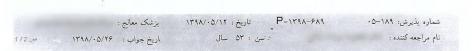
- 49-1: Unremarkable fatty breast tissue
- 49-3: Non proliferating FCC
- 49-4: hemorrhage fibrotic tissues
- 49-5: Non proliferating FCC
- 49-6: Non proliferating FCC
- **49-10:** Fibrocystic change with columnar cell changes, Fibrocystic change with columnar cell changes and columnar cell hyperplasia + AVN + FEA(DIN1a)
- 49-11: Unremarkable fatty breast tissue
- 49-14: Unremarkable fatty breast tissue
- 49:15: FCC with moderate usual Ductal hyperplasia
- 49-18: Fibrocystic change florid typical ductal hyperplasia + AVN

محصوب نسسا حسين بور محصوب اسد مقداس کلیدیال والدوم کار نظام در کری

تهران،خیابان کارگر شمالی، بردیس شماره ی ۲ دانشکده های فنی دانشگاه نهران،خیابان کارگر شمالی، بردیس شماره ی ۲ دانشکده های نموید تحقیقاتی نائو تکنولوژی سرطان،آزمایشگاه تحقیقاتی یاتولوژی لرطان، صنعهق سے: 515-14398 نافرہ

#### Frozen Pathology: NS

#### Permanent Pathology. All surgical margins are free excent Superior



#### CLINICAL DATA:

Known case of invasive carcinoma

#### MACROSCOPIC:

Received specimen in formalin consist a piece of creamy yellow irregular soft tissue M:7x4x3cm covered by skin M:6X2cm and indicated by thread ,medial:medium size string :superior:short string. On cut section an ill defined mass 1.9cm in diameter is seen. Distanc of tumor to superior, inferior, deep, superficial, medial and lateral are 0.2,0.5.1.5,1,2,4cm respectively. SOS:10/6 E:5%

#### MICROSCOPIC:

See the diagnosis

#### DIAGNOSIS:

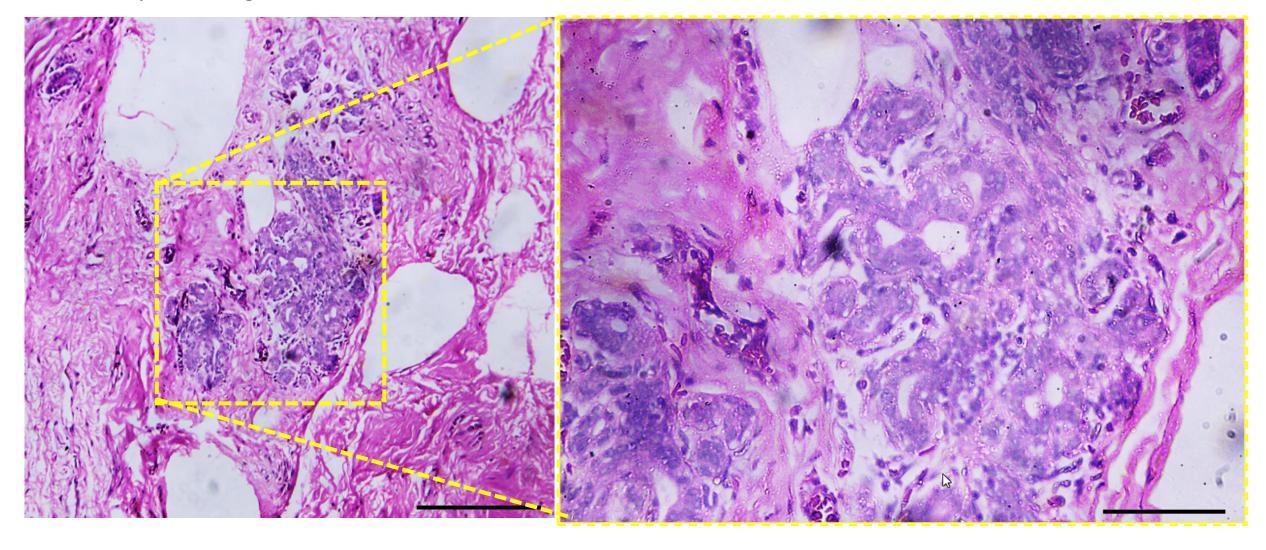
#### 1) Right breast mass Partial Matectomy:

- -Invasive ductal carcinoma
- \*Nuclear grade 3
- \*Tubule formation: 3
- \*mitotic figure 1

So grading according to modified Bloom & Richardson grading system is: II/III

- -Size of tumor is 1.9cm
- -Perinureal invasion are also seen.
- -Lymphovascular invasion not seen.
- -Ductal intraepithellial neoplasia(DIN3) synonym of high grade ductal carcinoma insitu are also seen
- -Microcalcification are also seen
- -Superior margin is involved by carcinoma(The surgeon concerned superior margins was reexcised)
  -All another margins are free from tumor
- -Distance of tumor to skin 0.4cm
- -Non neoplasia breast tissue show nonproliferating fibrocystic changes

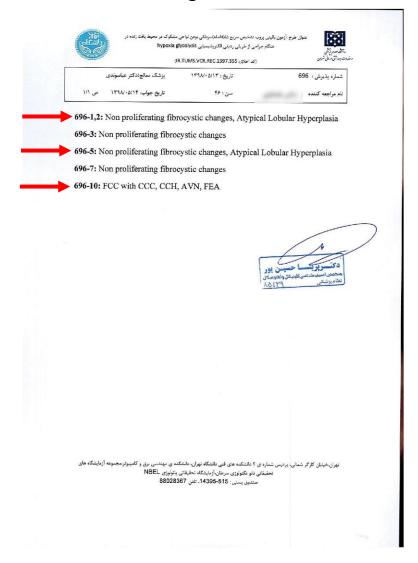
**116-10:** Superior Margin



## Patient 117 (Pathology code: 696):

117-1,2,5: Under the Nipple margin: Positive

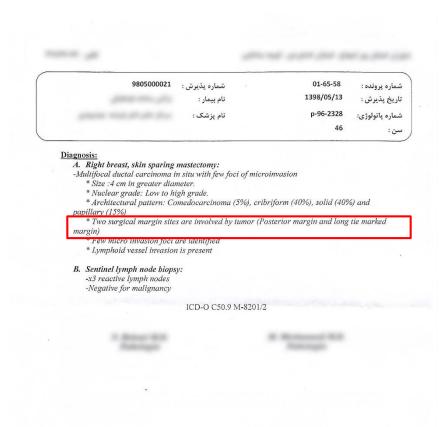
**117-10:** Inferior margin: Positive



Frozen Pathology: NS

Permanent Pathology: All surgical margins free except Posterior and Long tie

Margin



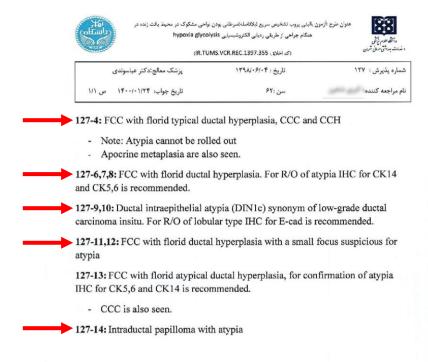
#### Patient 127:

**127-4:** Inferior Lateral Margin: Positive

127-6,7,8: Superior Margin: Positive

**127-9,10,11,12:** Lateral Margin: Positive

127-14: Under nipple Margin: Positive

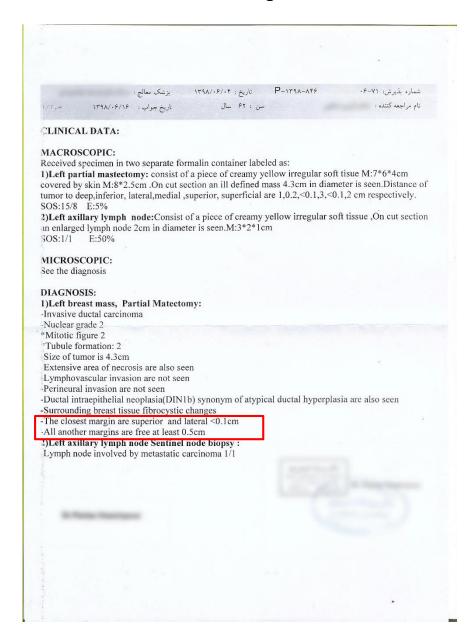


د کتسر پر یسا حسیس به ور متحمر اسید شناس گفته از وانادهمال نظام برشکی

تهران خیابان کارگر شمالی، پردیسی شماره ی ۲ دانشکده های فنی دانشگاه تهران، دانشکده ی مهندسی برق و کامپیوتر مجموعه آزمایشگاه های تحقیقاتی نانو تکنولوزی سرطان آزمایشگاه تحقیقاتی صندوق پستی : 1436-14358 نفت 88028367 Frozen Pathology: NS

Permanent Pathology: The closest margins are superior and

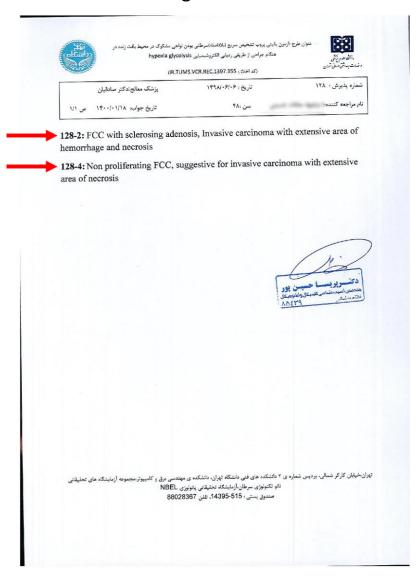
lateral<0.1 cm, all another margins free



#### Patient 128:

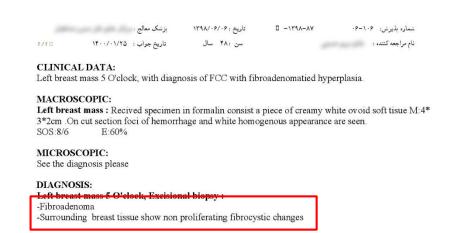
**128-2:** Superior Margin: Positive

**128-4:** Inferior Margin: Positive



Frozen Pathology: NS

Permanent Pathology: All surgical margins are free (Fibroadenoma)



St. Sports Street St.

#### Patient 158:

**158-7:** Superior Margin: Positive

158-9: Superior Deep Margin: Positive



عنوان طرح :آزمون باليني پروب تشخيص سريع (بلاقاصله)سرطاني بودن نواحي مشكوک در محيط بافت زنده در منگام جراحي از طريقي رديايي انکتروشيميايي hypoxia glycolysis



(کد اخلاز: IR.TUMS.VCR.REC.1397.355)

پزشک معالج: دکتر عباسوندی	تاریخ : ۱۳۹۸/۰۸/۲۷	شماره پذیرش: ۱۵۸
تاریخ جواب: ۱۲۱۸ ۱۴۰۰/۰۱/۱۸ ص ۱۲۱	سن : ۴۲	نام مراجعه كنند

158-3,4,5: FCC with florid ductal hyperplasia

158-6: FCC with moderate typical ductal hyperplasia with apocrine metaplasia

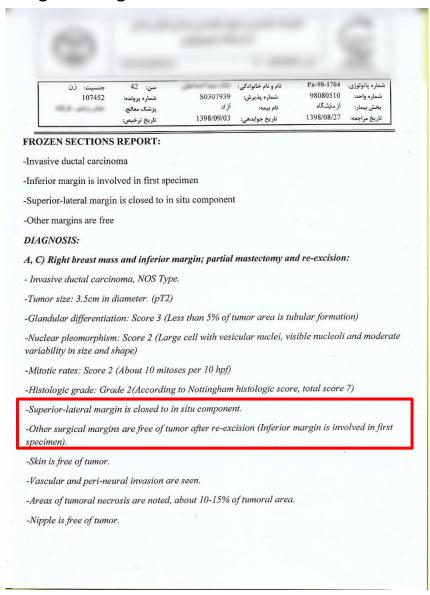
158-7: FCC with a focus of lobular hyperplasia (LIN1) for confirmation IHC for E-Cad is recommended.

158-8: FCC with moderate typical ductal hyperplasia and CCC

▶ 158-9: Non proliferating FCC (a focus suspicious for lymphovascular invasion is also seen, for confirmation IHC for CD31 is recommended.

فکت پر سام المسائل کالانوم کا

تهران،خیابان کارگر شمالی، پردیس شماره ی ۲ دانشگده های فنی دانشگاه تهران، دانشگده ی مهندسی برق و کامپیوترمجموعه آزمایشگاه های تحقیقاتی نانو تکنولوزی سرطان،آزمایشگاه تحقیقاتی یاتولوزی MBEL صندوق یستی : 44395-515 نظر: 88028367 **Frozen Pathology:** Inferior margin is involved, other margins are free **Permanent Pathology:** Superior-lateral margin is closed to in situ component, Other surgical margins are free after re-excision

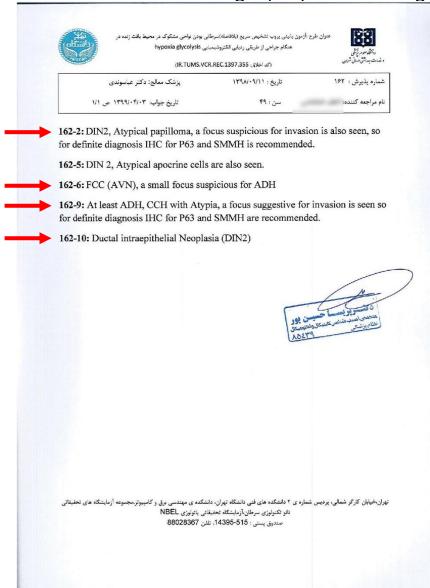


#### Patient 162:

162-2,10: Inferior Margin: Positive

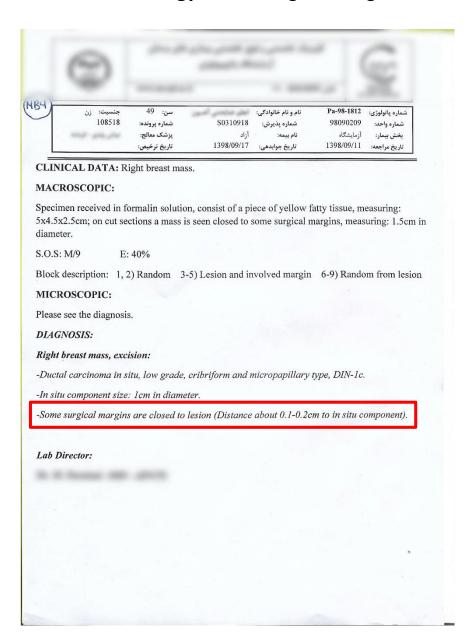
**162-6:** Medial Margin (Suspicious to surgeon): Positive

**162-9:** Inferior Lateral Margin (suspicious to surgeon): Positive

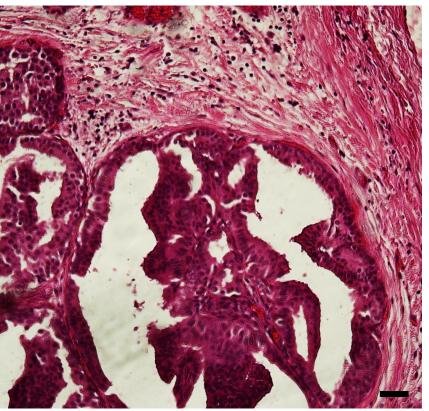


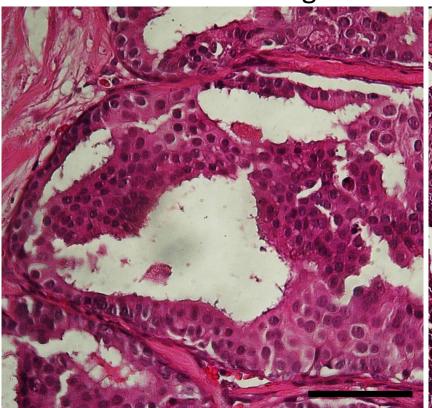
Frozen Pathology: NS

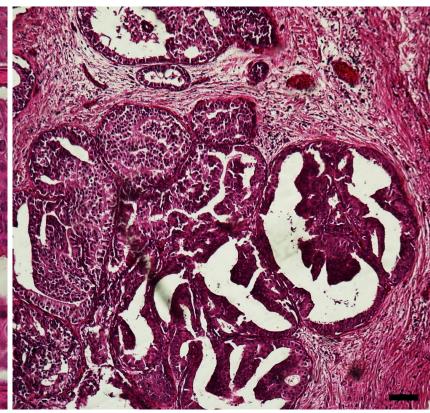
**Permanent Pathology:** Some surgical margins are closed to lesion



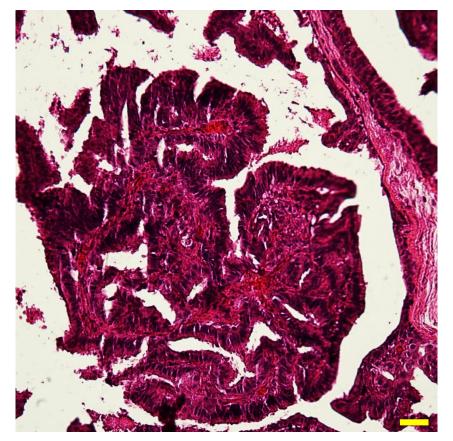
**162-2:** Inferior Margin

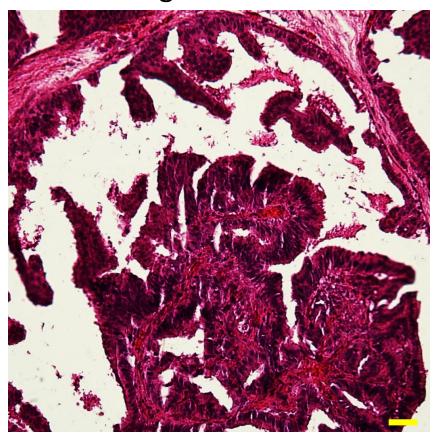






**162-9:** Inferior Lateral Margin





# Patient 163:

163-7: Inferior Margin: Positive



عنوان طرح :آرمون بالیتی پروپ تشخیص سریع (بلاقاصله)سرطانی بودن نواحی مشکوک در محیط بافت زنده در هنگام جراحی از طریقی ردیایی الکتروشیسیایی hypoxia glycohysis

#### (کد اخلا: ; R.TUMS.VCR.REC.1397.355)

شماره پذیرش: ۱۶۳ تاریخ: ۱۱۹-۱۳۹۸ پزشک معالج: دکتر عباسوندی نام مراجعه کننده: سن: ۶۳ تاریخ چواب: ۲۲۹۹-۴/۰۲ ص ۱/۱

163-7: DIN1c (at least borderlined DIN2), CCC and CCH



88

تپوان،خیابان کارگر شنالی، پردیس شناره ی ۳ اداشگده های هی دانشگده تپوان دانشگده ی مهندسی برق و کاهپیوتر،مجموعه آزهایشگاه های تحقیقاتی ماند تکنوارتی سرطان آزامشگاه ماندون بستی : 155-1968 نظر 2386 **Frozen Pathology:** All surgical margins are free except Deep **Permanent Pathology:** All surgical margins are free of tumor after re-excision (Deep margin is involved in first specimen)



CLINICAL DATA: Known case of left breast carcinoma

## MACROSCOPIC:

Specimen received in fresh status and formalin solution, in three containers, labeled as follow:

A) Left breast mass; consist of a piece of yellow fatty tissue, measuring: 6x4x2.5cm; that covered by skin measuring: 4x0.5x0.5cm; on cut sections a mass is seen; measuring: 1.5cm in diameter. Distance to anterior, superior, inferior, lateral and medial margins are 2, 0.7, 1.5, 2.5 and 1cm respectively.

S.O.S: M/8 E: 15%

Block description: 1) Deep margin and tumor 2-4) Tumor 5, 6) Random 7) Skin

8) Superior margin

B) Left Sentinel lymph node, dissection; consists of a piece of yellow fatty tissue; measuring: 2.5x1.5x1cm; on cut sections one lymph node is detected, measuring: 2cm in diameter.

S.O.S: M/3 E: 100%

C) Left breast mass; deep margin, consist of a piece of yellow fatty tissue; measuring: 3x2x0.5cm.

S.O.S: 2/2 E: 100%

## MICROSCOPIC:

A-C) See the diagnosis please.

## FROZEN SECTIONS REPORT:

-Ductal carcinoma in situ

-Deep margin is involved

-Other surgical margins are free

-One Sentinel lymph node, free of tumor

جنسیت: زن 108482	سن: 63 شماره پرونده:	S0310846	نام و نام خانوادگی: شماره پذیرش:	Pa-98-1804 98090198	شماره پاتولوژی: شماره واحد:
60/2-740 <sup>-3</sup> 00	پزشک معالج: تاریخ ترخیص:	آزاد 1398/09/17	نام بیمه: تاریخ جوابدهی:	آزمایشگاه 1398/09/11	بخش بیمار: تاریخ مراجعه:

#### **DIAGNOSIS:**

#### A, C) Left breast mass and deep margin; partial mastectomy and re-excision:

-Ductal carcinoma in situ, intermediate grade, solid and cribriform type; DIN-2 with microinvasion.

-In situ component size: 1.5cm in diameter.

-All surgical margins are free of tumor after re-excision (Deep margin is involved in first specimen).

-No vascular and peri-neural invasion is identified.

-Negative for tumoral necrosis.

-Non tumoral tissue: -Proliferative fibrocystic changes.

-Sclerosing adenosis

## B) Left Sentinel lymph node; dissection:

-One lymph node, free of tumor.

Dr. St. Paradiac (SSR - 4PC)

Lab Director:

## Patient 166:

**166-1,2,3:** Superior Medial margin (suspicious to surgeon mode): Positive



## Frozen Pathology: All surgical margins are free

شماره پذیرش: P-۱۲۹۸-۱۶۳۱ ۱۳۹۸/۹/۲۰ پزشک معالج نام مراجعه کننده: سن : ۴۲ سال ناریخ جواب: ۱۳۹۸/۱۷/۵ سـ 1/1

## CLINICAL DATA:

Known case of invasive ductal carcinoma with history of mastectomy with positive margins

## MACROSCOPIC:

Received specimen in two separate formalin container labeled as:

A)Left breast reexcision: consist of a piece of creamy yellow irregular soft tisue M:8\*4\*4cm .On cut section an ill defined mass 1.5cm in diameter is seen.Distance of tumor to deep,inferior lateral,medial superior superficial are <0.5,2,3.5,2 cm respectively.

SOS:10/5 E:10%

B)Left Sentinel node:Consist of a pieces of creamy yellow irregular soft tissue ,M: 2\*2\*1 cm .On cut sections a lymph node 1.5 cm in diameter is seen.

SOS:2/1 E:70%

B)Left axillary lymph node:Consist of a pieces of creamy yellow irregular soft tissue ,M: 2\*2\*1 cm .On cut sections a lymph node 1.5 cm in diameter is seen. SOS:2/1 E:70%

## MICRIOSCOPIC:

A,B,C)See the diagnosis

## DIAGNOSIS:

#### 1)Left breast mass.Reexcision:

- -A small foci of invasive ductal carcinoma nuclaer grad 2
- -Size of tomur:1mm
- -Extensive area of fat necrosis are also seen
- -The closest margin is deep about 0.6cm
- -All another margins are free at least 1cm
- -Skin is free from tumor

## 2)Left sentinal node, Sentinel node Biopsy:

-Reactive lymphoid hyperplasia(0/1)

## C)Left axillary lymph node, Excisonal Biopsy:

-Reactive lymphoid hyperplasia(0/1)

## Patient 167:

## **167-7,8:** Inferior Margin: Positive



عنوان طرح :أزمون بالينى پروب تشخيص سريع (بلافاصله)سرطائى بودن نواحى مشكوك در محيط باقت زنده در هنگام جراحى از طريقى رديايى الكتروشيميايى hypoxia glycolysis



(كد اخلاق: IR.TUMS.VCR.REC.1397.355)

	پزشک معالج: دکتر عباسوندی	تاریخ: ۱۳۹۸/۰۹/۲۰	شماره پذیرش: ۱۶۷
ص ۱/۱	تاريخ جواب: ١٣٩٩/٠٢/٠٣	سن: ۳۳	نام مراجعه كننده:

167-4: FCC with tubular adenosis

167-7: Florid ductal hyperplasia with a focus of atypia

▶ 167-8: Lactational adenosis, a focus suspicious for papillary lesion, Focal atypical nucleus, a focus suggestive for FEA is seen.

المحتور و مساحسين پور متحمراسيد شاسي کلينيکالواناتوميکال نظام باشکي

تهران،خیابان کارگر شمالی، پردیس شماره ی ۲ دانشکده های فنی دانشگاه تهران، دانشکده ی مهندسی برق و کامپیوتر،مجموعه آزمایشگاه های تحقیقاتی ناتو تکنولوژی سرطان،آزمایشگاه تحقیقاتی پاتولوژی صندوق پستی : 1439-545، تلفن 88028367 Frozen Pathology: NS

**Permanent Pathology:** Free (Sclerosing papillary lesion with areas of lactating changes, sclerosing and simple adenosis, proliferative FCC with usual ductal)

hyperplasia

سن: 33 جنسيت: زُن شماره پرونده: 109495 زَاد پزشک معالج: 1398/09/30 تاریخ ترخیعی:	دم پیمد.	98090449 آزمایشگاه 1398/09/20	شماره پاتولوژی: شماره واحد: بخش بیمار: تاریخ مراجعه:
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S.O.S: 2/2 E: 20%

## MICROSCOPIC:

Please see the diagnosis.

## IHC MARKERS:

CK14: Positive in proliferative and papillary lesion

CK5,6: Positive in proliferative and papillary lesion

HMWK: Positive in proliferative and papillary lesion

ER: Positive in some epithelial cells.

P63: Positive in myoepithelial cells around all glands.

## DIAGNOSIS:

## Left breast mass, excision:

-Sclerosing papillary lesion with areas of lactating changes.

-Sclerosing and simple adenosis

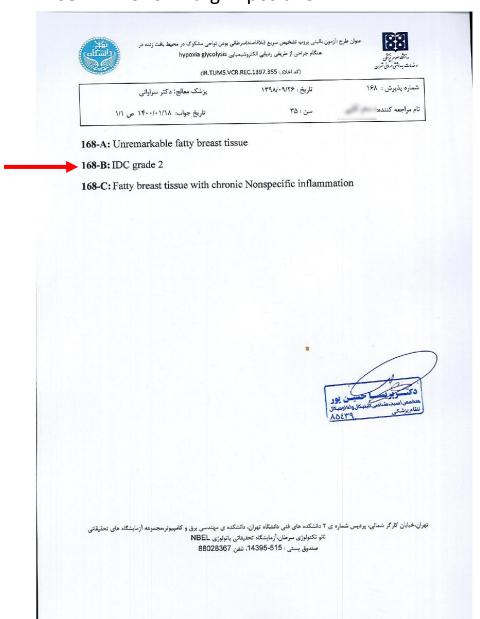
Br. M. Rendard 2001 - APICS

-Proliferative fibrocystic changes with usual ductal hyperplasia.

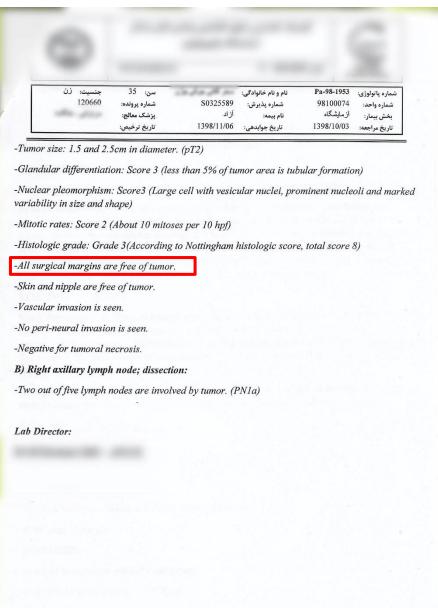
## Lab Director:

# Patient 168:

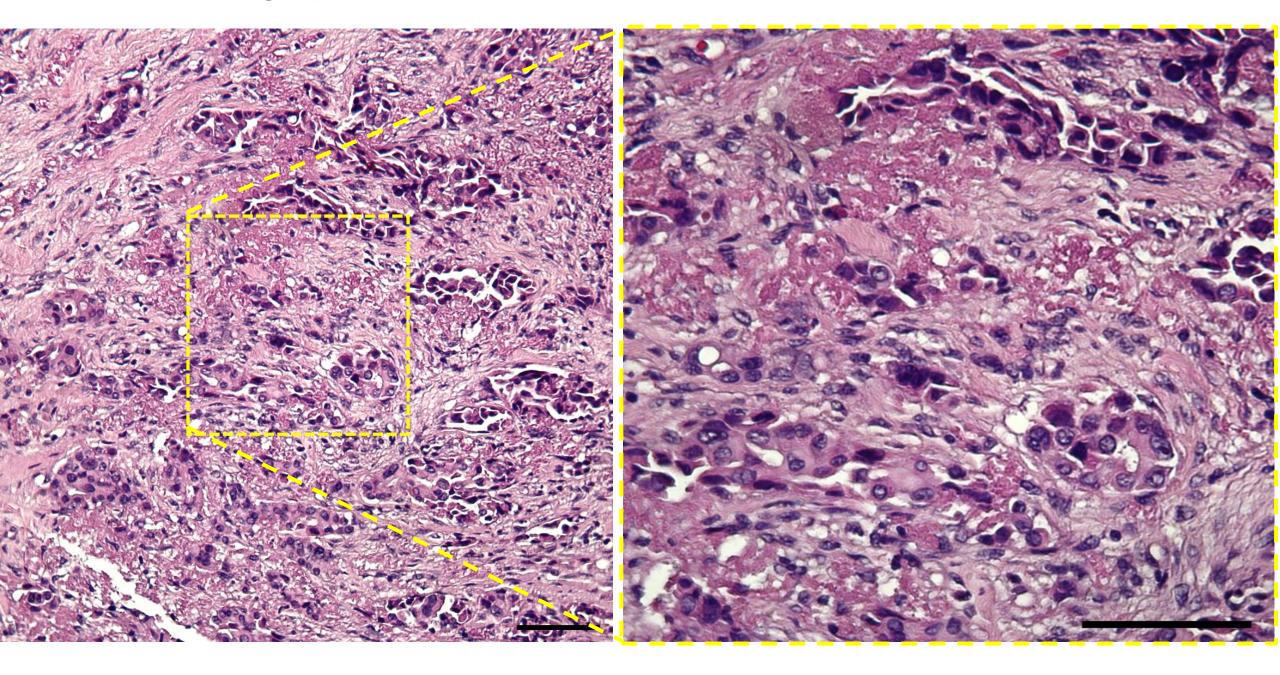
## **168-B:** Inferior margin: positive



# Frozen Pathology: All surgical margins are free Permanent Pathology: All surgical margins are free

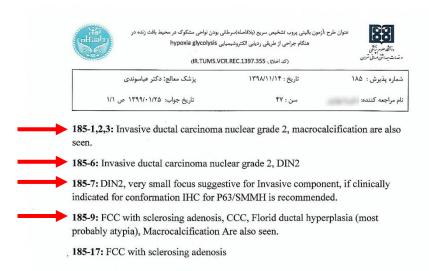


168-B: Inferior Margin (invasion ductal carcinoma nuclear grade 2 (about 1 cm in the sample))



## Patient 185:

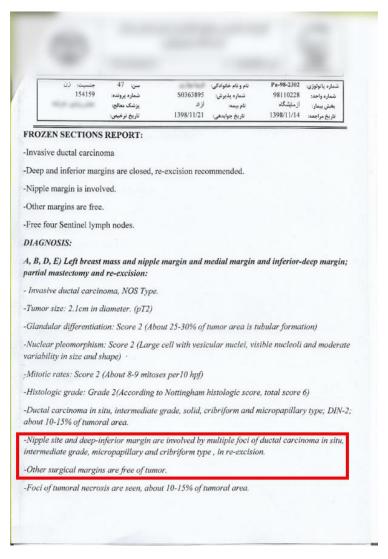
**185-1,2,3,6,7,9:** Under the nipple margin: Positive



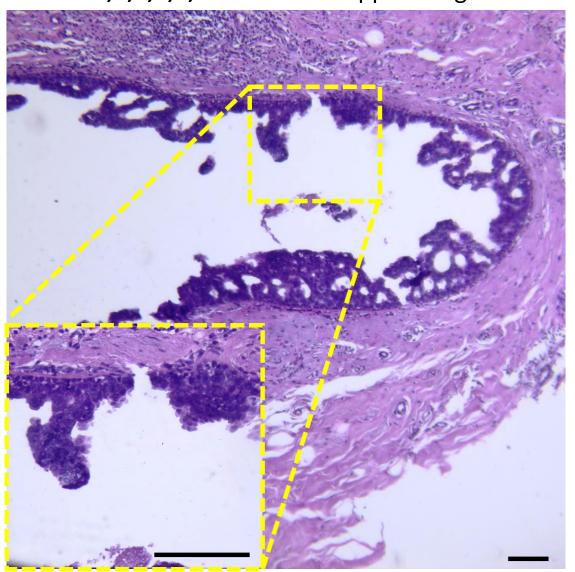
199 June Land

**Frozen Pathology:** Deep and inferior margin are closed, re-excision is recommended. Nipple margin is involved in re-excision. Other surgical margins are free.

**Permanent Pathology:** Nipple and deep-inferior margins are involved. Other surgical margins are free.



**185-1,2,3,6,7,9:** Under the nipple margin



# Patient 188:

## **188-2,3:** Lateral Margin: Positive



عنوان طرح :ازمون بالینی پروپ تشخیص سریع (بلافاصله)سرطانی بودن نواحی مشکوک در محیط یافت زنده در هنگام جراحی از طریقی ردیابی الکتروشیمیایی hypoxia glycolysis



#### (كد اخلاق: IR.TUMS.VCR.REC.1397.355)

	پزشک معالج: دکتر عباسوندی	تاريخ: ۱۳۹۸/۱۱/۲۳	شماره پذیرش: ۱۸۸
ص ۱/۱	تاریخ جواب: ۱۳۹۹/۱۲/۱۹	سن : ۴۸	نام مراجعه كننده

▶ 188-2,3: FCC with a focus suspicious for Lobular carcinoma insitu (LIN2), Notes: for confirmation of lobular carcinoma IHC of E-cad is recommended

188-6,7: Non proliferating FCC

188-9: Non proliferating FCC

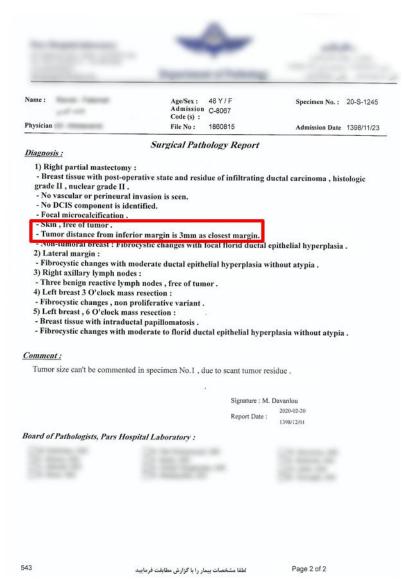
188-12: Non proliferating FCC

188-14: FCC with apocrine metaplasia

و کت در کتاب میسی نود متحصر امید، شناسی کلیسی والانومیکال نظام برشکی

تهران،خیابان کارگر شمالی، بردیس شماره ی ۲ دانشکده های فنی دانشگاه تهران، دانشکده ی مهندسی برق و کامپیوتر،مجموعه آزمایشگاه های تحقیقاتی ناتو تکتولوژی سرطان آزمایشگاه تحقیقاتی یاتولوژی سرطان آزمایشگاه تحقیقاتی یاتولوژی NBEL صندوق پستی : 1435-515، تلفن 88028367 Frozen Pathology: NS

## **Permanent Pathology:** All surgical margins are free



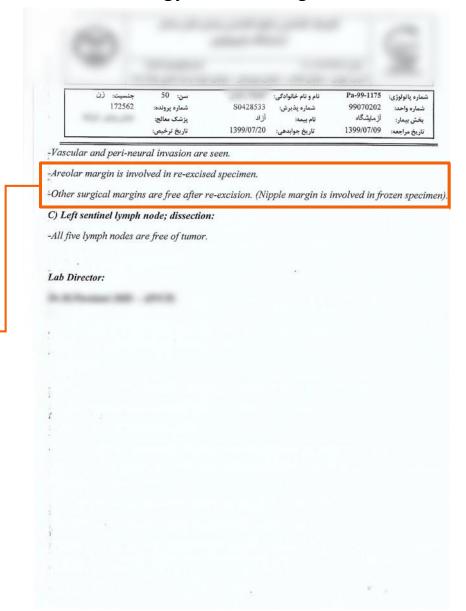
# Patient 225:

**225-1 to 8:** \*Under the Nipple margin (suspicious to surgeon mode): Positive

\* The Areolar margin were sent to the Frozen pathology due to positive diagnosis of CDP

The Areolar samples were sent to the Frozen pathology due to positive diagnosis of CDP

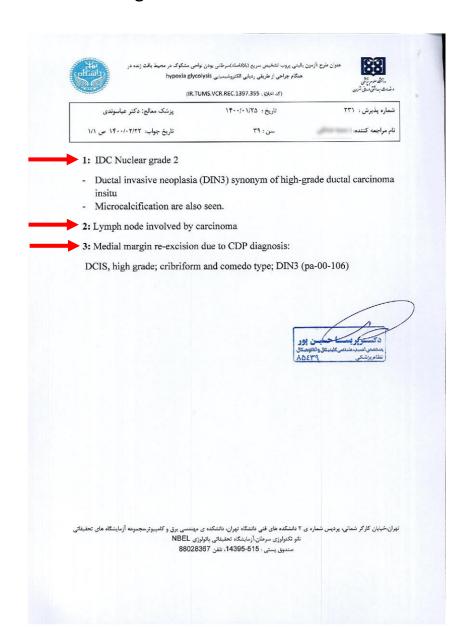
**Frozen Pathology:** Areolar margins involved in re-excised specimen **Permanent Pathology:** Areolar margins is involved in re-excised specimen



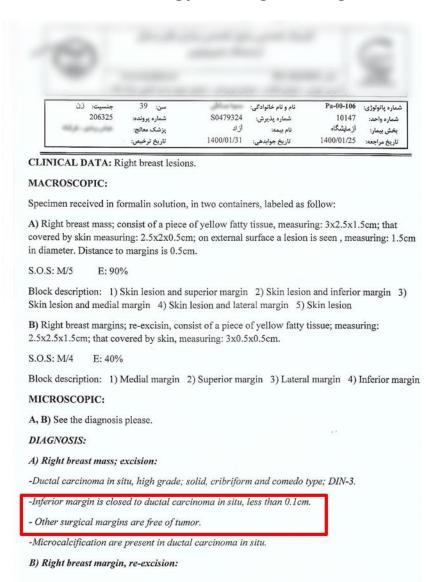
# Patient 232:

**231-1,2:** Medial Margin (Suspicious to surgeon mode): Positive

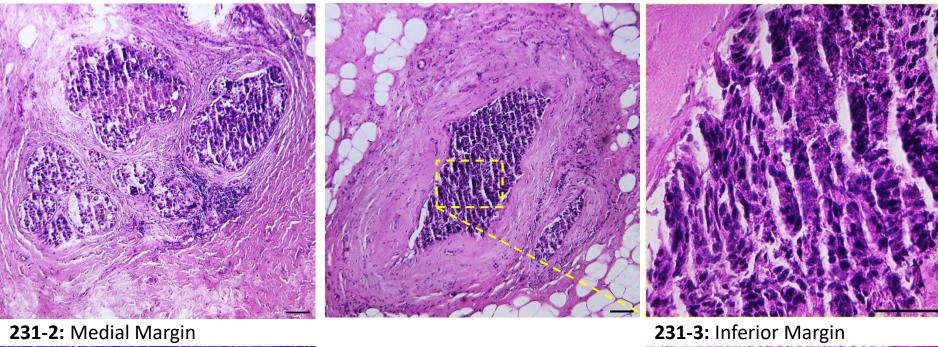
**231-3:** Inferior Margin: Positive

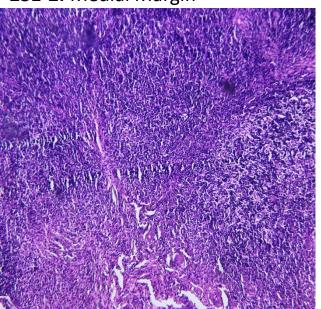


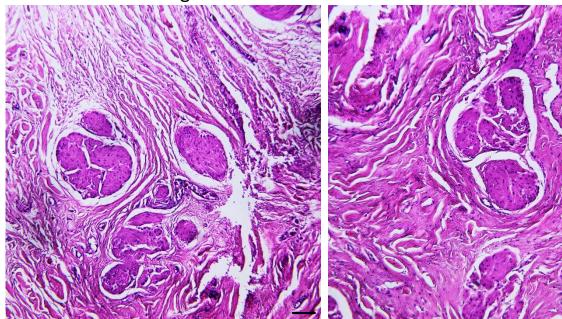
# **Frozen Pathology:** All surgical margins are free **Permanent Pathology:** All surgical margins are free



231-1: Medial Margin







# Patient 233:

**233-3:** Areolar Margin (Suspicious to surgeon mode): Positive \*The sample was sent to the pathology section due to CDP's positive result

**Frozen Pathology:** Involved medial and sub-areolar margins

**Permanent Pathology:** sub-areolar (nipple) margin is involved by tumor. Other surgical margins are free after reexcision.

	سن: 46	40 Fe	نام و نام خانوادگی:	Pa-00-573	ىمارە پاتولوژى:
جنسیت: زن 211411	سن: 46 شماره پرونده:	S0488977	شماره پذیرش:	30487	شماره واحد:
	پزشک معالج:	آزاد	نام بيمه:	آزمایشگاه	بخش بیمار:
	تاريخ ترخيص:	1400/04/05	تاریخ جوابدهی:	1400/03/24	ناريخ مراجعه:

## FROZEN SECTIONS REPORT:

-Involved medial and sub-areolar margins

-Free other surgical margins

## IHC MARKERS (Block C):

Pan-CK: Positive in tumoral cells.

P63: Negative around some epithelial layers.

## DIAGNOSIS:

- A-D) Right breast mass and retroarelar, nipple and medial margins; partial mastectomy and margins re-excision:
- Invasive ductal carcinoma, NOS Type.
- -Tumor size: 6cm in diameter. (pT3)
- -Glandular differentiation: Score 3 (Less than 10% of tumor area is tubular formation)
- -Nuclear pleomorphism: Score 2 (Large cell with vesicular nuclei, visible nucleoli and moderate variability in size and shape)
- -Mitotic rates: Score 1(About 3-4 mitoses per 10 hpf)
- -Histologic grade: Grade 2(According to Nottingham histologic score, total score 6/9)
- -Sub areolar (Nipple) margin is involved by tumor.
- -Other surgical margins are free of tumor after re-excision.
- -Ductal carcinoma in situ, intermediate grade; solid, cribriform and comedo type; DIN-2; without extensive intraductal component.
- -Microcalcification present in ductal carcinoma in situ and invasive component.
- -Vascular and peri-neural invasion are noted.

# Patient 235:

**235-7:** Suspicious mass for surgeon in superior

margin: Positive

**232-8:** Suspicious mass for surgeon in superior

margin: Positive

رياستان سيان	عنول طرح أزمون باليسي بروب تشخيص سرع (بلافاصله)سرطاني بودن نواحي مشكوك در محيط بافت زنده در هشكام جراحي از طريقي زديايي الكتروشيميايي hypoxia glycolysis جراحي از طريقي زديايي الكتروشيميايي o nus en second		
- Campo	IR.TUMS) پزشک معالج: دکتر عباسوندی	(كد اخلاق: VCR.REC.1397.355). تاريخ: ۱٤٠٠/۰۳/۰۱	شماره پذیرش :A235
ص ١/١	تاريخ جواب:	سن: ٤٦	نام مراجعه كننده :

**235-7:** IDC Nuclear grade 2

235-8: IDC with crushed appearance, a focus of florid epithelial atypia (DIN1a) is also seen.



Frozen Pathology: NS

**Permanent Pathology:** Inferior-medial margin is involved by tumor. Other all surgical margins are free



E) Right axillary lymph node; consists of one lymph node, measuring: 1cm in diameter.

S.O.S: 2/1 E: 100%

#### MICROSCOPIC:

A-E) See the diagnosis please.

## IHC MARKERS:

E-Cadherin: Positive in tumoral cells.

## DIAGNOSIS:

## A) Right breast mass; partial mastectomy:

- Invasive ductal carcinoma, NOS Type.
- -Tumor size: three invasive tumors, 0.8-3.5cm in diameter.
- -Glandular differentiation: Score 3 (Less than 10% of tumor area is tubular formation)
- -Nuclear pleomorphism: Score3 (Large cell with vesicular nuclei, prominent nucleoli and marked variability in size and shape)
- -Mitotic rates: Score 1 (About 4-5 mitoses per 10hpf)
- -Histologic grade: Grade 2(According to Nottingham histologic score, total score 7/9)

-Inferior-medial margin is involved by tumor.

- -Other all surgical margins are free.
- Skin is free of tumor.
- -Ductal carcinoma in situ; solid, cribriform and comedo type, intermediate grade; DIN-2; without extensive intraductal component.

# Patient 236:

236-8: Medial Margin: Positive

عنوان طرح ،أزمون باليني پروب تشخيص سريح (بلافاصله)سرطاني بودن نواحي مشكوك در محيط بافت زنده در هنگام جراحي از طریقی ردیایی الکتروشیمیایی hypoxia glycolysis



(كد اخلاق: IR.TUMS.VCR.REC.1397.355)

بزشک معالج: دکتر عباسوندی تاریخ جواب: ۱/۱ می ۱٤٠٠/۰٤/۱٦ ص ۱/۱

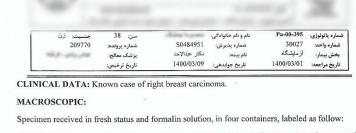
شماره بذيرش: A236

**236-8:** ductal intraepithelial neoplasia (DIN2) synonym of intermediate high grade ductal carcinoma in situ,

- Microcalcification are also seen.
- For definite R/O of invasive carcinoma IHC for SMMH, P63 is recommended.
- Apocrine metaplasia are also seen.

Frozen Pathology: Involved deep, superior, and inferior margins, free other surgical margins

**Permanent Pathology:** Superior, Inferior, and deep margins are involved in partial specimen and re-excised margins.



A) Right breast mass; consist of a piece of yellow fatty tissue, measuring: 8x5x4cm; that covered by skin, measuring; 6x2x0.5cm; on cut sections a mass is seen; measuring: 6cm in diameter. Distance to medial, lateral and superficial margins are 1, 0.5 and 0.5cm. Deep, superior and inferior margins are involved by tumor.

S.O.S: M/9 E: 10%

Block description: 1) Mass and deep margin 2) Superior-medial margin and tumor 3) Inferior

B) Sentinel lymph nodes, consists of multiple pieces of yellow fatty tissue; measuring: 6x5x3cm; on cut sections five lymph nodes are detected, measuring: 1-1.5cm in diameter.

C) Right breast; superior margin, consist of three pieces of yellow fatty tissue; measuring: 2x2x1cm.

S.O.S: M/3

D) Right breast; inferior margin, consist of a piece of yellow fatty tissue; measuring: 2x1x1cm.

S.O.S: 3/2 E: 100%

MICROSCOPIC:

A-D) See the diagnosis please.

FROZEN SECTIONS REPORT:

-Involved deep, superior and inferior margins

-Free other surgical margins

نماره پاتولوژی:	Pa-00-395	نام و نام خانوادگی:	chias transc	سن: 38	جنسیت: زن
شماره واحد:	30027	شماره پذیرش:	SOUBMETT	شماره پرونده:	209770
بخش بيمار:	آز مایشگاه	تام بيمه:	دكتر عبدالاحد	پزشک معالج:	جار والا الح
تاريخ مراجعه:	1400/03/01	تاريخ جوابدهي:	1400/03/09	تاريخ ترخيص:	

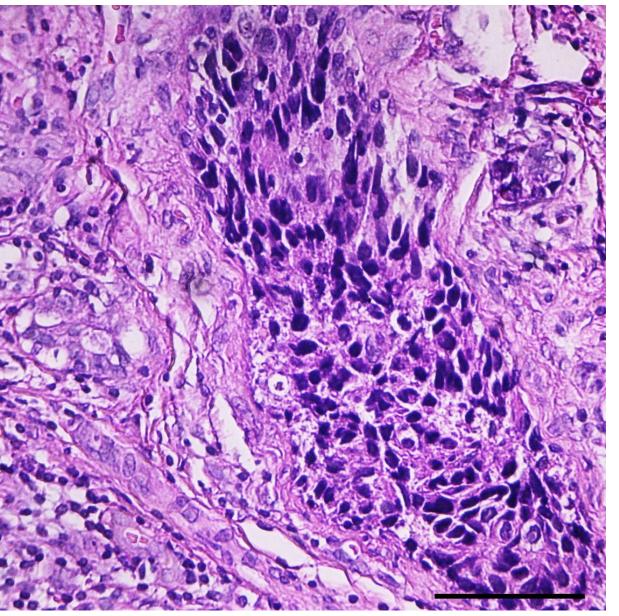
-Free one Sentinel lymph node

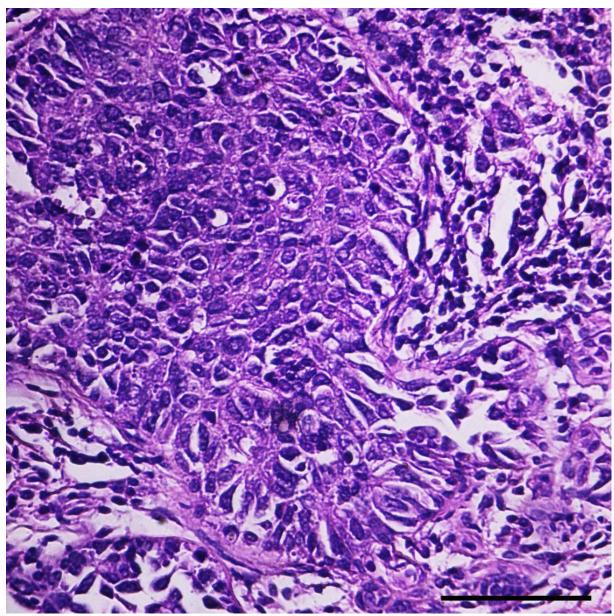
#### DIAGNOSIS:

A, C and D) Right breast mass and superior margin and inferior margin; partial mastectomy

- Invasive ductal carcinoma, NOS Type.
- -Tumor size: 6cm in diameter. (pT3)
- -Glandular differentiation: Score 3 (less than 10% of tumor area is tubular formation)
- -Nuclear pleomorphism: Score3 (Large cell with vesicular nuclei, prominent nucleoli and marked variability in size and shape)
- -Mitotic rates: Score 2 (About 6-7 mitoses per 10 hpf)
- -Histologic grade: Grade 3(According to Nottingham histologic score, total score 8/9)
- -Superior, inferior and deep margins are involved in partial specimen and re-excised margins.
- -Extensive stromal necrosis are seen about 50-70% of tumoral tissue.
- Microcalcification present in invasive component.
- -Ductal carcinoma in situ not seen.
- -Vascular invasion not present.
- B) Sentinel lymph node; dissection:
- -All five reactive lymph nodes are free of tumor. (pN0)

236-8: Medial Margin





# Patient 249:

**249-4-9:** Inferior Medial Margin: Positive (\*The sample was sent to the pathology section due to CDP's positive result)

**249-13:** Superior Medial Margin (Suspicious to surgeon): Positive

**249-17:** Superior Lateral Margin: Suspicious (\*The sample was sent to the pathology section due to CDP's result)



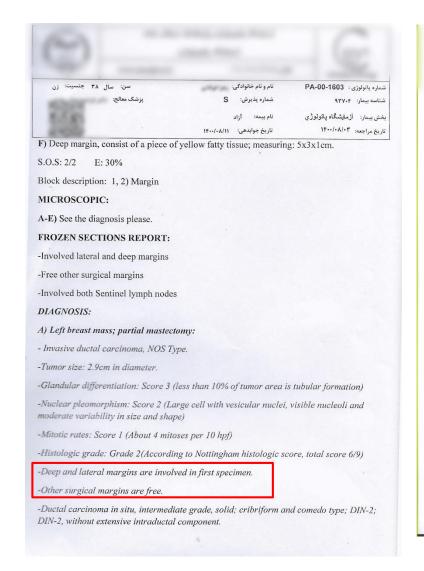
249-13: Ductal intraepithelial neoplasia (DIN3) Synonym of high-grade ductal carcinoma insitu

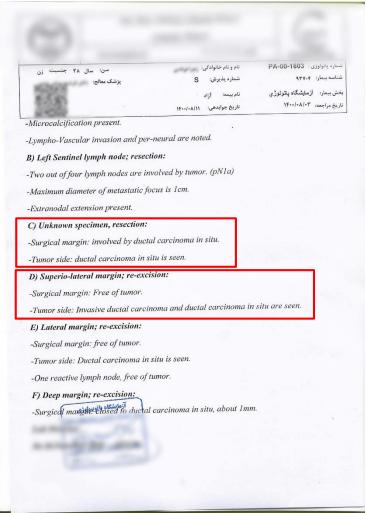


**Frozen Pathology:** Involved lateral and deep margin, Other surgical margins are free of tumor **Permanent Pathology:** Deep and lateral margins were involved in the first specimen

Inferior Medial re-excision: DCIS

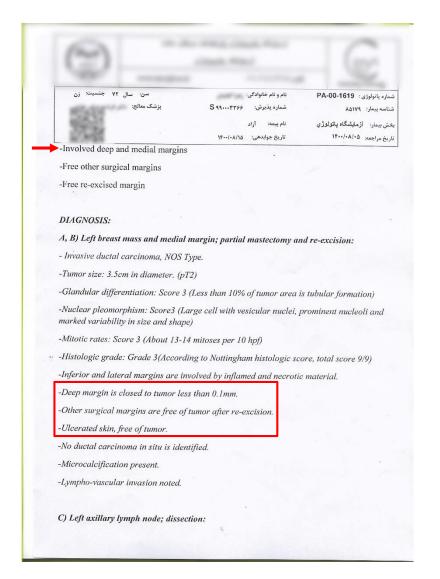
Superior Lateral re-excision: IDC, DCIS





# Patient 250:

**250-8:** Medial Margin: Positive (\*The sample was sent to the pathology section due to CDP's positive result)



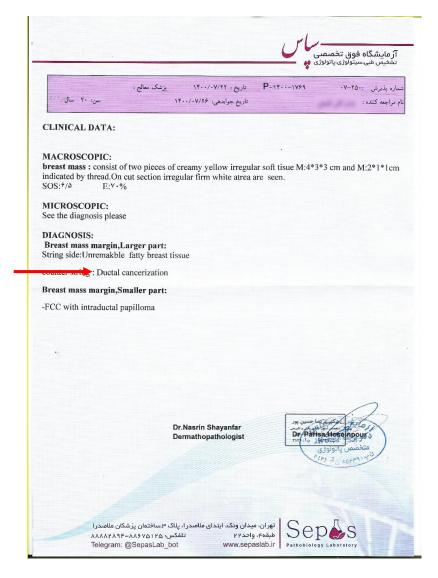
**Frozen Pathology:** Involved Medial and deep margin, Other surgical margins are free of tumor.

**Permanent Pathology:** Deep margin is closed to tumor less than 0.1mm. Other surgical margin are free after re-excision.

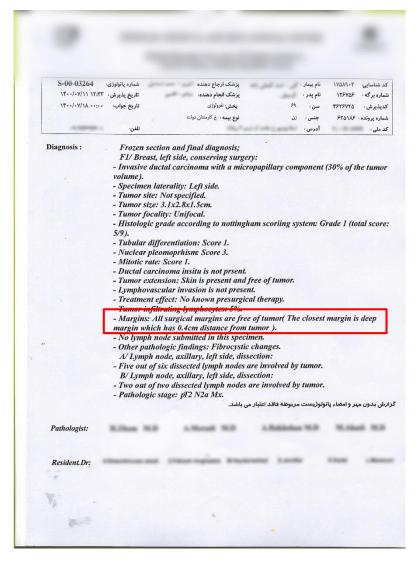


# Patient 251: (Pathology code: 07-250):

251-1: Inferior Medial Margin: Suspicious

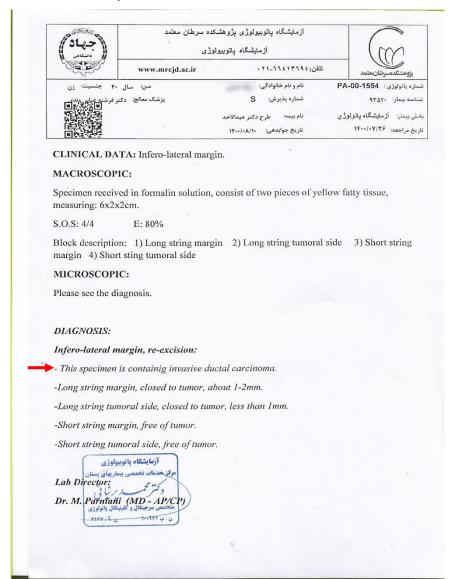


**Frozen and Permanent Pathology:** All surgical margins are free of tumor (The closet margin is deep margin which has 0.4cm distance from tumor)

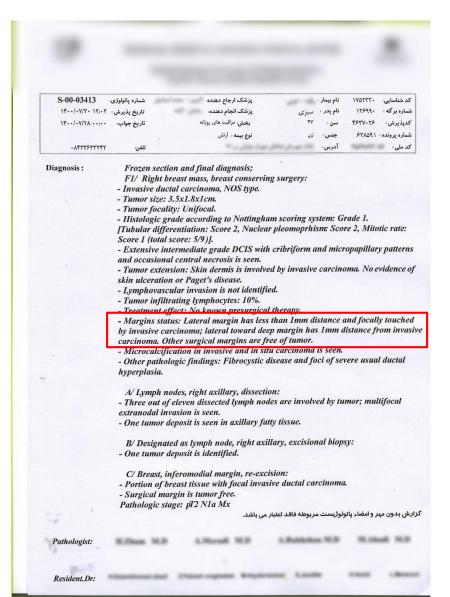


# Patient 252 (Pathology code: PA-00-1554):

**252-1:** Inferior Lateral Margin (Suspicious to surgeon mode): Positive (\*The sample was sent to the pathology section due to CDP's result)



**Frozen and Permanent Pathology:** Lateral margin has less than 1mm distance and focally touched by invasive carcinoma. Other surgical margin are free.

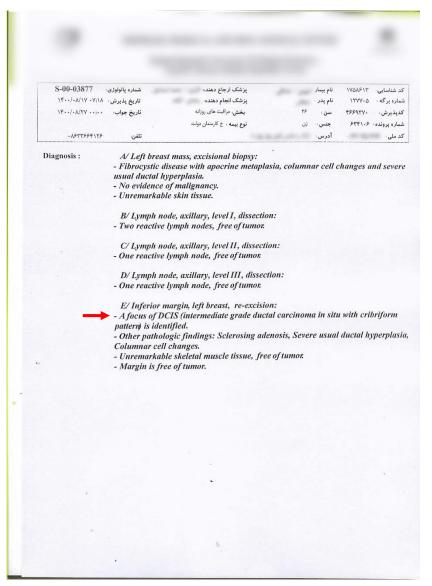


# Patient 256:

**256-11:** Lateral Margin: Positive **256-18:** Inferior Margin: Positive

(\*These samples were sent to the pathology section

due to CDP's positive results)

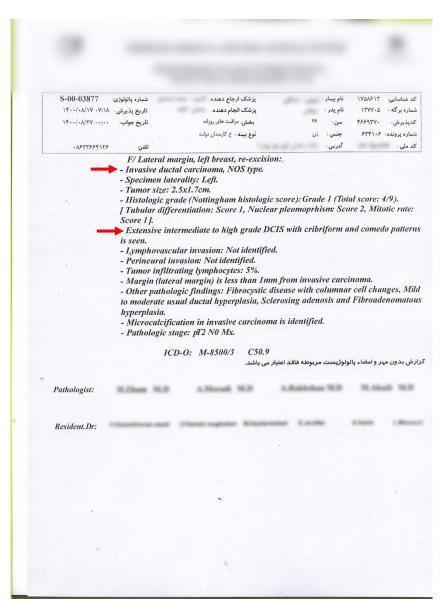


## Frozen and Permanent Pathology: Free

Lateral margin re-excision: IDC, Extensive intermediate to high grade DCIS

with cribriform and come do patterns

Inferior margin re-excision: A focus of DCIS



# Patient 269:

**269-1:** Lateral margin: Positive

269-2: Superior margin: Positive



عنوان طرح نازمون بالینی پروب تشخیص سریع (بلاقاصله)سرطانی بودن نواحی مشکوک در محیط بافت زنده در هنگام جراحی از طریعتانی محرک از طریقی ردیایی الکتروشیمیایی hypoxia glycolysis



(كد اخلاق: IR.TUMS.VCR.REC.1397.355)

شماره پذیرش: 269 تاریخ: 1400/09/08 پزشک معالج: دکتر اکبری نام مراجعه کننده: سن: 47 تاریخ جواب:18 /1400/09/08 ص 1/1

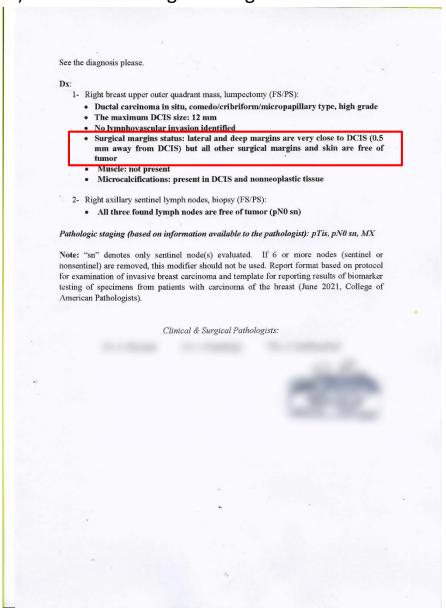
269-1: Ductal intraepithelial neoplasia (DIN2) associated with necrotic center

269-2: A focus suggestive for papillary lesion with atypia is seen.

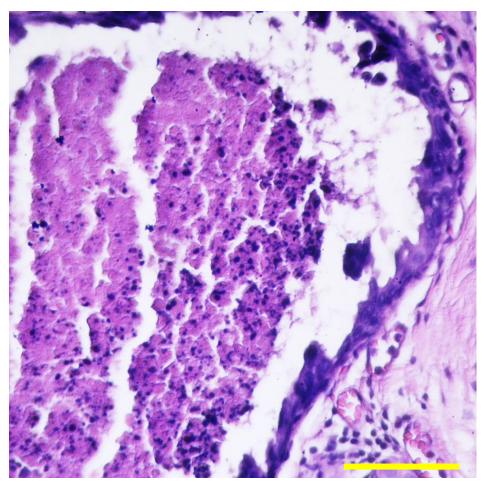
269-3: Micro calcification

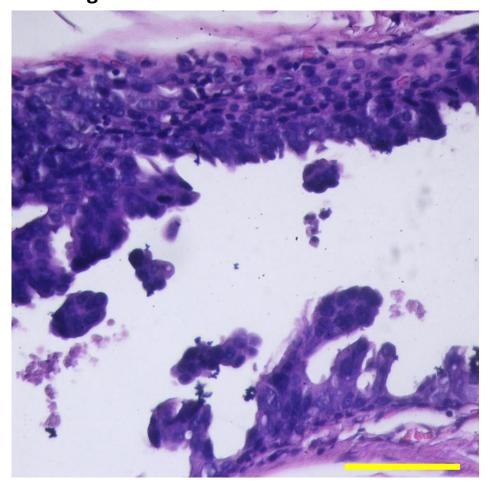
د کر ایسا حمیان بور مخمص اسد، شناس کلیستال واللوستا سنام برشکی ۱۳۹۹ Frozen Pathology: All surgical margin are free of tumor

**Permanent Pathology:** Lateral and deep margins are very close to DCIS (0.5 mm away from DCIS) but all other surgical margins and skin are free of tumor



269-1: Lateral Margin





# Patient 270:

**270-4:** Under the nipple: Positive (\*The sample was sent to the pathology section due to CDP's result)

Frozen and Permanent Pathology: Lateral margins is 1mm from invasive tumor. Subareolar margin is focally involved by tumor. All other surgical margins and skin are free of tumor

